

HAIG STRIKES HUNS ON EIGHT MILE FRONT

English, Scotch and Australians, in Raging Battle, Gradually Force Back Greatly Reinforced Germans—Teutons Fight With Unusual Bitterness, But British Penetrate Two-Thirds of a Mile.

HAIG TAKES VALUABLE VANTAGE GAINS

Field Marshal Haig's men again are striking in Flanders and the force of their blow, like that of those that have preceded it, is meeting with good results on a front of nearly six miles.

Notwithstanding the necessity of carrying the battle to Crown Prince Rupprecht across vital ground—virtually a morass, against concrete and field redoubts—the English, Scotch and Australian troops have snatched valuable vantage points from the Germans, but without terrific opposition.

The battle at last accounts was still raging, with the greatly reinforced Germans fighting with unusual bitterness to hold back further British advances or to recapture terrain already wrested from them.

Inferno of Artillery Fire.

Haig's new thrust was delivered on the base of the new front line, which was captured and consolidated in a week. Before charging the Germans held numerous vantage points of strategic value. The Germans crossed the British line by machine gun and rifle bullets.

As on previous occasions, Haig used a veritable inferno of artillery, against the Germans before reaching the attacks in the early hours of Wednesday morning, and on night fell many important positions had been taken from the enemy.

Penetrate Two-Thirds of a Mile.

Probably the most significant gain the British, which the Germans lost was to a depth of two-thirds of a mile at certain points, was near Zonnebeke to within a few hundred yards the western outskirts of which village they penetrated, placing them at six miles distant from the railway running from Ostend to Roulers.

MEDICALS GETTING VOICE IN PETROGRAD

EXTREMISTS MAY DICTATE FORMATION OF CABINET

Petrograd, Russia, Sept. 26.—The report which is being made by the extremists to dictate the composition of the provisional government was sent last night at a combined meeting of the peasants' deputies and the army and soldiers.

It was decided to submit this plan to congress for a vote. The Bolshevik members which were present met that all the cabinet members belong to their party. The conservative elements declared that the best should be a coalition one, but the moderates suggested a compromise one.

The size of the congress, comprising 1,700 members, now is planned to be smaller body, which will claim to be the all-Russian parliament.

As a result of the extremists' move, the government is inclining to that side. The provisional government is now relying mainly on the moderation of the central committee of the soldiers and workers' deputies, which represents all sides and which so far has not been influenced by the Bolsheviks.

In the eye of the assembly of the press the atmosphere is very tense, but the city remains orderly.

MY GETS NAVY LEAGUE WORK

Washington, D. C., Sept. 26.—The Navy League women, headed by Secretary Daniels' decision from knitting their efforts for sailors, will knit garments for soldiers and the Navy League has agreed to accept them.

Hundreds of thousands of women have been knitting for the sailors in the controversy between Secretary Daniels and the president of the Navy League, who will go on with the work, but the knitted goods go to the army.

ITCHER'S LEAD ONLY 110.

New York, Sept. 26.—Mayor Mitchell's precarious hold on the Republican nomination for the mayoralty was held still further today by the final recount of votes. His lead, William M. Bennett, who ran as an independent Republican, has been cut tonight to 110 votes for the city. The ballots are being counted under a court order obtained by Bennett.

ISH BINGHAM EXAMINATION.

New York, Sept. 26.—Dr. Charles Bingham has completed his pathological examination of vital organs removed from the body of Mrs. Robert Worth Bingham at Wilmington, N. C., his findings will be communicated to William M. Kennon, a lawyer at Wilmington.

Dr. Bingham refused to comment on the result of the examination.

UNITARIANS STAND FOR VICTORIOUS WAR

TAFT LEADS ATTACKS ON A PACIFIST ELEMENT

Montreal, Canada, Sept. 26.—The general conference of the Unitarian and other Christian churches at its twenty-seventh annual session here today, repudiated by an overwhelming vote a pacifist resolution concerning the entrance of the United States into the war and followed the leadership of former President William H. Taft declaring that war must be carried to a successful issue.

Mr. Taft's resolution, which was carried by a vote of 236 to 9, was adopted after a spirited controversy. Mr. Taft, who is president of the conference, precipitated the issue after Rev. John Haines Holmes of New York city, as chairman of the conference, had presented a report asserting that "the majority of Unitarians accept the conflict as an ugly piece of business which must be done," and urging "full, free and fair statements of all points of view on this momentous question."

Members of the council, Rev. Richard W. Boynton of Buffalo, N. Y., Percy A. Atherton of Boston and William K. Billings of Brooklyn, at once repudiated the report and then Mr. Taft launched a vigorous condemnation of the resolution. He termed it a "beautiful literary effort," but "an insidious document."

Amid cheering the convention adopted a resolution drawn up by Mr. Taft setting forth that: "It is the opinion of this Unitarian conference that the war must be carried out to a successful issue, to stamp out militarism in this world, and that this Unitarian body approves the measures of President Wilson and congress."

It was voted to send copies of the resolution to President Wilson and congress and to the governor general and premier of Canada as the sentiment of the con-Unitarians.

BANKERS CRITICISE DECISION OF COURT

OTHERS IN MEETING PROTEST AGAINST SUCH ACTION

Atlantic City, N. J., Sept. 26.—Criticism of the opinion of the United States supreme court in upholding the constitutionality of the provisions of the federal reserve act, giving fiduciary privileges to the National banks, enlivened the final session of the trust companies session of the American Bankers' association tonight. The discussion followed the reading of the concluding paragraph of the report of the committee on legislation by E. H. McCarter of Newark, N. J., chairman of the committee and president of the association. The clause stated that the committee "was entirely satisfied with their presentation of the case, and if the decision of the court had been arrived at from purely legal grounds they had no doubt of its favorableness."

Protests that this criticism was a reflection on the supreme court and "indicates that the trust companies are not behind the government," came from Breckinridge Jones of St. Louis. Mr. McCarter asserted that the best legal minds of the country had said it was a convenient decision and "if the business men of the country cannot freely express their protests they lose absolutely all hope for protection."

A bitter argument ensued and the committee was finally prevailed upon to eliminate the clause from its report.

READY TO DRAFT TAX BILL

After Many Compromises, Conference Are Said to Be Near Completion.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 26.—The war tax bill virtually was completed today by the senate and house conferees. While a few questions remain open for final settlement tomorrow, the measure is said to be practically drafted. It probably will be reported Friday or Saturday.

The basis of agreement on war excess profits taxation is said to be a compromise between the house excess and senate war profit divisions. The house conferees vigorously stood out for an eight per cent exemption and are reported to have accepted the lower rate as a compromise.

Another compromise reported was on the manufactured tobacco divisions, with the agreement between the gross levy of the house and the assessment of the senate. Action on the report of the house and senate probably will go over till next week.

MUST OBEY BUILDING ORDERS.

New York, Sept. 26.—A supreme court decision that a building is not exempt from improvement ordered by the state industrial commission because the board of fire underwriters has declared the building fire proof was handed down today in the case of a 16-story building in Nassau street. Unless a structure is safe from the "danger of panic" the court held the state commission's orders for improvement must not be considered unreasonable.

Owners of 32 buildings used for industrial purposes have a pending here application.

Baker Issues First of Military Reports

Washington, D. C., Sept. 26.—The American government's first official statement concerning military operations in Europe was issued tonight by Secretary Baker, inaugurating a series which in time will be devoted largely to activities of the United States expeditionary forces. It says that while ascendancy on the west front has passed definitely to the allies, they are content merely to wear down the enemy until the force of the American army makes itself felt in the field.

Operations for the week ended September 22, reviewed by Mr. Baker, without reference to the American force now in France.

LAFOLLETTE OUR MOST SINISTER FOE

ROOSEVELT SAYS HE IS OF COPPER HEAD TYPE

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 26.—Declaring Senator Robert M. LaFollette of Washington to be the most sinister foe of democracy in this country Theodore Roosevelt, in a speech on the "children of the melting pot" here tonight, denounced pacifists and unpreparedness.

After his address, the meeting, held under the auspices of the National Security league, adopted a resolution offered by Bishop Samuel J. Hays and seconded by Judge H. M. Dickinson, former secretary of war, condemning the Wisconsin senator for his recent public utterances.

"Brutal militarists of one country," asserted the colonel in connection with his denunciation of pacifists and pro-German propagandists, "hall with joy the growth of pacifism in another country and the pacifist that has been developed in this country has nothing commendable about him."

David Starr Jordan, chancellor emeritus of Leland Stanford university, was mentioned as among those whose pacifist views were condemned by the speaker.

"We are to stand behind them against the Hun outside our country," said the colonel after paying tribute to the national army, "and against the Hun inside our borders. We are to stand against men of the stamp of Senator LaFollette, who in a recent speech at Minneapolis actually, by implication, condoned the brutality against our women and men on the high seas."

"We had his type in the Civil war. Then they called them copperheads. These men used all the fine words and same arguments as LaFollette."

The colonel brought this phase of his address, which was comparatively short to a conclusion by expressing regret that it was impossible to send the object of his criticism to the German lines.

Referring to the divided allegiance of certain foreign born Americans, the colonel maintained that we had the right to demand that we stand shoulder to shoulder against the blood spirit of Prussian aristocracy in Germany.

"There must be in the United States one flag and only one flag; one allegiance and only one language;—that of the declaration of independence, of Washington's address, of Lincoln's Gettysburg address, and President Wilson's address to congress."

Camp Grant, Mo., Sept. 26.—Preparedness and pacifists claimed equal shares of Theodore Roosevelt's attention in an address here today. Included in his speech was the plea that his hearers when they have finished the task they are about to begin in Europe become apostles of universal military service.

The colonel said it made him proud to be an American when he saw how the officers and men of the national forces have taken hold.

IRISH CONVENTION WORKING SMOOTHLY

SIR HORACE HAS HOPES NEW IRELAND WILL ARISE

Cork, Ireland, Tuesday, Sept. 25.—"We are getting on and all we want is a fair opportunity to perform the work for which we were appointed," said Sir Horace Plunkett, chairman of the Irish convention, at the luncheon given by the members of the convention today by the harbor board.

The diners gave three cheers for Sir Horace and sang "For He's a Jolly Good Fellow."

"The convention," said Sir Horace in continuing his address, "has made me hope as I never hoped before that I shall live to see a change of heart out of which a new Ireland will be born. I hope to hear all Irishmen say 'my country is my country' and in the larger patriotism, 'My God is my God.'"

Sir Horace painstakingly explained the object of the secrecy surrounding the workings of the convention. "It has made possible," he said, "the most frankness and expression of opinion between the members which, if they knew were to be made public, would not be expressed."

The delegates cheered again when they left the hotel for a tour of the city's industries.

ROUND UP 200 ENEMY ALIENS

Fifteen Police Autos Make Raid in New York's Five Boroughs

VIOLATED PERMITS

Germans Assembled in Police Headquarters—Wireless Expert Taken

New York, Sept. 26.—A round up of Germans in the five boroughs of greater New York who violated the terms of permit granted them to enter zones barred to enemy aliens or who have gone into these districts without permits was begun late tonight. The arrests were made by policemen cooperating with officers of the navy. It was said more than 200 men would be taken into custody.

Fifteen police department automobiles and hundreds of detectives were sent to various parts of the greater city to spread the drag net for the aliens who have been under surveillance for some time. Soon after the hunt started motor cars returned in the various boroughs with the prisoners.

Within a short time nearly 100 men had been assembled in the drill hall at headquarters in Manhattan. The detectives who made the arrests brought with them satchels, suit cases and bags of all kinds which it was intimated contained important documents. Some of the Germans were taken into the room where Captain Tunney of the "bomb squad" makes his headquarters.

One of the men taken into custody was Heinrich Watterbach, wireless expert on the German steamship Friedrich der Grosse.

The following statement was given out by Captain Tunney: "The navy department in conjunction with the detective bureau has been investigating for several months large numbers of enemy aliens and has taken many of them into custody. Numbers of them have been employed in munitions plants and have been going into forbidden zones. More than 200 men from the detective bureau were assigned to gather them up tonight."

The enemy aliens are to be held here for the present. The Germans in the other boroughs were brought to headquarters in Manhattan, where they will be held.

Groups of aliens also were brought from nearby cities in New Jersey and from towns on Long Island.

GARFIELD MAY SETTLE WAGES

Operators of Coal Mines Say They Cannot Grant Miners' Demands.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 26.—Demands of Illinois, Indiana, Ohio and Western Pennsylvania coal miners for wage increases of about 25 per cent were in the hands of a joint state subcommittee of miners and operators tonight, with indications that as a result of the operators' flat refusal to grant more pay, Dr. H. A. Garfield, the coal administrator, would be called into the negotiations.

The operators stated that the wage demands were exorbitant in view of the government's fixed prices for bituminous coal, and that even without giving the miners more pay many mines would be forced to suspend. They agreed, however, to discussion of the demands by a subcommittee tomorrow.

WOMEN TO SELL BONDS

Prizes Offered to School Children for Essays on Liberty Loan.

New York, Sept. 26.—Women will again take an active part in the campaign in this city for subscriptions to the second Liberty loan. It was indicated tonight in an announcement by the Liberty loan committee.

Prizes will be offered to the school children of the state, it was announced today, for best essays on any subject relating to the Liberty loan. The competition will be conducted under the supervision of the state board of education.

A copy of a letter written by Dr. John H. Finley, state superintendent of education, was sent today to every public and private school in the state.

NOW KNOW JAPAN BETTER.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 26.—Viscount Ishii, head of the Japanese mission, formally said goodbye to President Wilson this afternoon and it is understood the mission will soon make preparations for its return after making a visit to New York.

No announcement has ever been made as to the result of the mission other than that the conversations between Secretary Lansing and the viscount have made for better relations between the two countries.

SUCCESS TO HUNGER STRIKE.

Dublin, Ireland, Sept. 26.—Thomas Ash, a Sinn Fein leader, has died in a hospital here as the result of a hunger strike upon which he entered some time ago. Ash commanded the rebels at Ashford, Easter, 1914, when several members of the constabulary were killed. He was sentenced to life imprisonment but was released. Recently he was again imprisoned after a court martial for a seditious speech.

FOR U. S. TO KNOW FRANCE

French League in America Organizes and Elects Officers.

New York, Sept. 26.—The French league in America, recently incorporated, whose purposes in general are "to bring the United States of America and France to full and sympathetic understanding of one another," was formally organized here today with the election of officers as follows:

President, Myron T. Herrick, former ambassador to France; vice president, Alexander M. Hemphill, Edmund Bailett, and Barrett Wendell; treasurer, George Belmont; secretary and general manager, G. H. Oakland. Dr. Charles Elliot, president emeritus of Harvard university, was elected honorary president, and Dr. John H. Finley, president of the University of the State of New York, honorary vice president.

BERNSTORFF AWARE JAN. 19 OF U-BOATS

LANSING STATES GERMAN ENVOY HAD RECEIVED MESSAGE

Washington, D. C., Sept. 26.—Further evidence that Count von Bernstorff, former German ambassador to the United States, knew of his government's intention to inaugurate a campaign of unrestricted submarine warfare prior to his request for money with which to influence congress is in possession of the state department. Secretary Lansing said today that as early as January 19 Count von Bernstorff knew of the plan.

After three inquiries the secretary made this statement: "In view of inquiries which have been made as to whether Count von Bernstorff knew of the purpose of his government to renew relentless submarine warfare when he sent his message of January 23, 1917, asking authorization to expend \$50,000 I can state that the department of state possesses conclusive evidence that on or before January 19 Count von Bernstorff had received and read the Zimmerman telegram to Minister von Eckhardt in Mexico, containing the following: 'We intend to begin on the first of February unrestricted submarine warfare. We shall endeavor in spite of this to keep the United States of America neutral.'"

"Count von Bernstorff was, therefore, fully advised of the intention of the imperial government at the time when he asked for authority of Berlin to employ funds for an organization to influence congressional action in favor of the continued neutrality of this country."

ASQUITH STATES HIS VIEWS ABOUT PEACE

GERMANY HAS NOT LEARNED LESSON OF ACTS

London, England, Sept. 26.—Any peace worth having cannot be found in a cessation of active hostilities followed by a process of territorial bargaining to be embodied in treaties and pacts, and still less in an arrangement imposed either by victors or vanquished which sets at defiance the historic traditions, aspirations and liberties of the peoples affected.

Former Premier Herbert H. Asquith, who recently has returned from a visit to the western front, made this declaration in addressing a mass meeting at Leeds tonight under the auspices of the war aims committee.

"Is there any reason to think that Germany has learned the lesson of the inevitable consequences of international spoliation?" asked Mr. Asquith. "Is there in the chancellor's dispatch or any recent authoritative declaration of the German government any indication that it is reported not only to repeat the crime of '71 but to take any steps which can open the road to a real and lasting peace? Is Germany ready to restore what she took from France? Is she ready to give Belgium complete political independence? A definite reply to these questions would be worth a whole column of pious platitudes."

Alluding to the necessity of destroying Prussian militarism the former premier referred to the American revelations of German machinations in Bucharest as fresh proof of the brutality and callousness with which Germany has waged war and said that nothing had aroused more world wide surprise and consternation than that the German nation applauded the most brutal atrocities.

BALL GOODS FOR SOLDIERS

\$30,000 Worth of Equipment for Cantonments and Camps.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 26.—Contracts for \$30,000 worth of baseball equipment for immediate delivery to the soldiers in the training camps in this country were awarded here today to four sports good concerns by Clark Griffith, manager of the Washington Americans, for the National Sports association.

Manager Griffith explained that the equipment will be divided between the 16 National Army cantonments and the 16 National Guard camps. Outfits already have been provided for the soldiers in France.

LACK 230,000 TO FORM ARMY

Expect Large Deficiency When Present Forces Are Fully Reorganized

MAY MEAN NEW CALL

First Quota of Drafted Men Used to Bring Regulars and Guard to Strength

Washington, D. C., Sept. 26.—There is little doubt now that a large deficiency of men will be shown when the first increment of the National Army of 887,000 men has been mobilized. Seventeen National Guard divisions must be brought up to war strength and several special service forces organized out of this reservoir so that the number of drafted men remaining at the cantonments hardly will be sufficient to organize the 16 National Army divisions at full war strength. Whether a call for more men will be issued has not yet been indicated.

Secretary Baker said today that definite figures as to the number of National Army men it will be necessary to transfer to the National Guard are not available. A dual process of organization at the guard encampments delays reports. Not only are these divisions being mobilized for the first time, but the whole fabric of the infantry army is being organized on the new trench warfare plan.

230,000 More Men Needed. The fighting strength of the new division is now fixed at 27,500 men. Seventeen guard divisions on that basis will have a total strength of 467,500 men. The guard probably brought into the federal service a total of not more than 300,000, possibly less. It will take, therefore, at least 167,000 National Army men to fill up the guard division. Another 100,000 of the National Army will go to the air service, and certainly as many more to certain other special services. That would leave not more than 200,000 men to form the 16 National Army divisions, which would have an aggregate war strength of 430,000.

Secretary Baker pointed out today some of the difficulties that attend the reorganization of the National Guard for war service. While the 16 division plan for the guard, which should extend to 17, is an old one, the whole fabric of the division has been changed. With the adoption of the European regimental and company standards, every guard regiment which was to be included in a division, had to be expanded. Regiments and parts of regiments are being consolidated to furnish them.

To Localize All Forces. In making these consolidations the department is attempting to keep the forces as much localized as possible. Wherever practical, national army men will go to regiments from their own state, in line with the spirit of the war army bill which lays stress on mobilization of regiments. There are many cases, however, where the practice will have to be abandoned to meet military necessities.

The guard consolidation has brought on the department a new source of trouble. Numerous colonels and staffs are certain to be left without commands and this has already been a fruitful source of protest from state officials. The department plan will be to find other places for these men.

W. C. U. TERMED OF INNOCENT NATURE

WAS FOR MUTUAL BENEFIT OF WESTERN FARMERS

Okla. Okla., Sept. 26.—That the working class union was an innocent organization of farmers for purposes of cooperation and mutual protection, which met for protection of farmers, was the contention of attorneys for eleven alleged draft registers from Central Oklahoma in outlining the defense in federal court here today.

C. D. Barton, the government's last witness, defense attorneys claimed, came to meetings of the W. C. U. and delivered the only seditious speeches heard there.

J. R. Bohannon, 63 years of age, a wealthy farmer living near Norman, asserted his loyalty to the government and stated that he had joined the W. C. U. thinking it was a mutual benefit society. None of the organizers had ever suggested anything to the contrary, he said.

On cross examination, however, Bohannon admitted his son had gone to Mexico to escape the draft and he and his son expressed themselves in opposition to the draft law.

MAYOR DENIES PLOT CHARGE

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 26.—A general denial by Mayor Thomas B. Smith of charges of conspiracy to murder in connection with the killing of police men in the fifth ward here a week ago, the arrest of James Clark, one of the two men charged with leading the gunmen to the ward, and the indictment of three men held in New York furnished the important developments today in the investigation of the political feud.

BASEBALL RESULTS

NATIONAL LEAGUE

BRAVES WIN DOUBLE HEADER.

Weds Not Able to Cross Plate in Either Game While Boston Totals Four.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Sept. 26.—Boston took both games of a double header from Cincinnati here today. Barnes and Neft, who pitched for the visitors, being in grand form and each scored a shut out over the Reds. Extra base hits were the deciding factors of each game. In the fourth inning of the first game Myers and Roland doubled, the first scoring.

First game—
R H E
Boston 000010000—1 8 0
Cincinnati .. 000000000—0 5 0
Batteries—Barnes and Mayer, Snyder, Regan and Wingo.

Second game—
R H E
Boston 000000003—3 8 2
Cincinnati .. 000000000—0 4 2
Batteries—Neft and Tressagor, Schneider and Ainsmith.

QUAKERS HIT HARD AND WIN.

Knock Two Pitchers Off Mound and Whitewash the Pirates 5 to 0.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Sept. 26.—Rixey held Pittsburgh to four scattered hits today while Philadelphia hit Carlson and Evans hard and won 5 to 0. The victory clinched second place for Philadelphia.
Philadelphia 100001210—5 10 1
Pittsburgh .. 000000000—0 4 2
Batteries—Rixey and Killife, Carlson and Schmidt, W. Smith.

CURS DEFEAT TROLLEY DODGERS

Three Hits, Bunched Off Marquard in the Sixth, Give Winning Run.

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 26.—Chicago bunched three hits off Marquard in the sixth inning and shut out Brooklyn, 1 to 0, in the last game of the series.
Brooklyn .. 000000000—0 4 1
Chicago 000001300—1 7 1
Batteries—Marquard, Coombs and Kruger; Weaver and O'Farrell.

SMITH BREAKS TIE IN TWELFTH.

Angles and Senda Brock Home with Needed Run for 2 to 1 Victory.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 26.—A single hit by Smith in the twelfth inning scored Brock with the run that gave St. Louis a 2 to 1 victory over New York.
New York 000100000000—1 4 1
St. Louis 0000000010001—2 9 1
Batteries—G. Smith and Onslow; Mayes, Meadows and Gonzales, Brock.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

TIGERS DOWN YANKEES AGAIN.

Boland Scores His Eleventh Victory Over New York in Three Seasons.

New York, Sept. 26.—Detroit defeated New York again in the second game of the present series today, 5 to 1. Boland pitched for Detroit and scored his eleventh victory over the locals in three seasons.
R H E
Detroit 104000000—5 6 3
New York .. 000100000—1 5 3
Batteries—Boland and Stange; Wright, Love, Euel.

RECRUITS BEAT BROWNS.

Young Players Back Up Twirling of Meyers, Shutting Out St. Louis.

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 26.—Meyers' excellent pitching, which was backed up by splendid support by a team of young players, defeated St. Louis, 4 to 0.
St. Louis 000000000—0 2 5
Philadelphia 010002100—4 5 1
Batteries—Davenport and Hale, Hartley; Meyers and Perkins.

SENATORS EVEN WITH CHICAGO.

Take Second Game of Series, 5 to 1; Murphy Stalls Three Bases.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 26.—Washington evened up in the series, with Chicago today by taking the second

game, 5 to 4. Murphy of Chicago stole three bases.

Chicago 100010002—4 8 0
Washington 100013000—5 10 1
Batteries—Faber and Schalk, Lynn; Dumont, Johnson and Ainsmith.

INDIANS SHUT OUT BOSTON.

Mou's Pitching and Three Doubles Cause Defeat in Last 1917 Visit.

Boston, Mass., Sept. 26.—Cleveland closed its 1917 visit here today by defeating Boston 2 to 0. Kouba's pitching and three doubles aided the visitors.
Cleveland 000010100—2 9 1
Boston 000000000—0 8 1
Batteries—Kouba and O'Neill; Leonard, Jones and Agnew.

STANDING OF CLUBS.

National League			
	W.	L.	P.C.
New York	33	52	.642
Philadelphia	34	51	.578
St. Louis	31	54	.544
Cincinnati	25	60	.450
Chicago	24	78	.487
Boston	27	77	.465
Brooklyn	25	77	.458
Pittsburgh	18	99	.327

American League			
	W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	38	52	.552
Boston	37	53	.500
Cleveland	36	54	.573
Detroit	37	73	.512
Washington	39	75	.479
New York	37	80	.456
St. Louis	36	81	.373
Philadelphia	31	95	.349

75,000 WANT SERIES SEATS

Seating Capacity for Baseball Games at Chicago Overbooked Three Times.

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 26.—There will be more than 75,000 applications for seats for the world's baseball championship games received at the park of the Chicago American club, it has been announced by officers of the National commission in sending out notice that there would be no further seat reservations. The seating capacity for the Chicago games has been overbooked three times, it was said. Although it will be impossible to reserve any further seats on the day of games, there will be 16,000 seats on sale daily, one to an individual, at 50 cents and \$1.00 each.

REINSTATE CHARLIE HERZOG.

New York, Sept. 26.—President Hempstead of the New York National League Baseball club announced tonight that the indefinite suspension of Captain Charles Herzog of the Giants had been lifted and that he will play in the world series.

LABORERS DRILL WITH N. A.

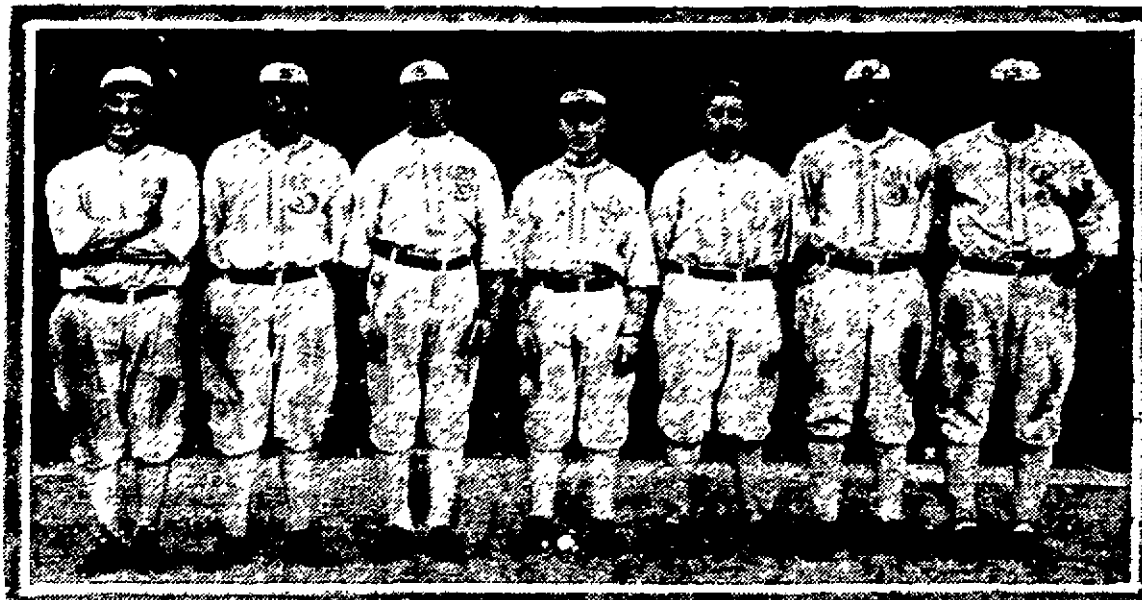
Lack of Uniforms for Drafted Men Permits the Condition.

Camp Dix, Wrightstown, N. J., Sept. 26.—The second quota of men for the national army from New York counties began arriving at the camp today and will continue coming until Sunday. The new comers will be assigned to two field artillery regiments, one infantry regiment, one depot regiment and two several special units.

Some confusion has been caused recently during drills by the fact that as many of the men have not yet received uniforms, hundreds of laborers imbued with war fervor, have been able to join in drills without being detected. Not only have the laborers thus delayed the work of the contractors building the camp, but they also have created considerable confusion among the embryo soldiers. General Kennedy, the commander, therefore has ordered that a designating ribbon be given to each of the recruits so as to prevent the laborers from going through the maneuvers with them.

Old papers for shelves and floors, 5 cents per bundle of 50, at The Star office.

INFIELDERS OF THE CHICAGO WHITE SOX



Here are the infielders of the Chicago White Sox. Left to right they are: Weaver, McMullen, Jourdan, Byrne, E. Collins, Risberg and Gandil.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

New York Markets.

New York, Sept. 26.—Increasing stringency in money constituted the determining factor in today's reactionary session of the stock market. Call loans opened at 6 per cent, that rate prevailing until shortly before the close, when it dropped to 5 per cent. "Time accommodations showed greater scarcity, local banks evidently taking their cue from the attitude of the federal reserve board, which is discouraging long time acceptance. Three and six months' loans advanced 1/4 per cent to 5 per cent with virtually no offerings.

Stocks moved irregularly the greater part of the day, but fell back generally in the last hour, industrial and other leaders pointing the way. The recessions followed publication of the weekly review of a trade authority which referred to the "utter confusion" in the steel industry as a result of the prices established by the government.

United States Steel, which again contributed a large quota to the day's operations, fell from 112 to 110 and closed at 110 1/4, a net loss of 3 1/2 points. Many other industrials and cooperatives reacted to a like extent and shippings, which had been almost the only prominent stock to show actual strength, also yielded.

Rails at no time evinced any of the previous day's slumps. Moderate gains were scored by Ohio Gas, Distillers Securities, and Malling preferred. Total sales amounted to 585,000 shares.

New York Produce.

Butter—Steady; receipts, 7,607 tubs; creamery, higher than extras, 45 1/2 @ 46; extras, 92 score, 44 @ 45; firsts, 43 1/2; seconds, 42 @ 43.
Eggs—Irregular; receipts, 10,703 cases; fresh gathered extras, 45 @ 46; extra firsts, 42 @ 44; firsts, 38 @ 41; seconds, 37 @ 38 1/2; state and nearby henery whites, fine to fancy, 58 @ 60; do browns, 48 @ 50.
Cheese—Irregular; receipts, 2,068 boxes; state, fresh, 28 @ 28 1/2; do average run, 25 1/2 @ 26.

New York Meats.

Beeves—Receipts, 2,500 head; market, steady; steers, \$15.70; bulls, \$15.50 @ 9; cows, \$15.50 @ 3.50.
Calves—Receipts, 1,400 head; market, steady; veals, \$12 @ 17; culls, \$10 @ 11.50; grassers and skin milks, \$6.50 @ 8.
Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 3,600 head; market, quiet; sheep, \$1.50 @ 11.50; culls, \$5 @ 7; lambs, \$14 @ 17; culls, \$5 @ 7.
Hogs—Receipts, 3,450 head; market, firm at \$19.10 @ 19.25; roughs, \$17.50.

ONEONTA MARKET.

Grain and Feeds.

(Prices Charged at Retail.)	
Salt, barrel	\$2.10
Corn	\$2.31
Corn meal, cwt.	\$4.18
Oats	.75
Spring wheat middlings	\$2.23
Hominy	\$3.20
Flour middlings	\$2.75

Prices Paid Producers.

Butter, fresh dairy	44
Butter, creamery	45

ONEONTA THEATRE

Friday, Sept. 28th

ANDERSON and WEBER, PRESENT

THE GREATEST OF ALL FARCES
NOTHING BUT THE TRUTH
ONE YEAR IN NEW YORK

Prices 25c to \$1.50. Seats on sale Wednesday. Mail orders now.

Eggs, fresh laid, dozen .. 48

Cheese, lb.	25
Live poultry	18
Spring chickens, broilers	18
Veal, sweet milk calves	16 @ 17
Dressed pork	20
Dressed beef	12 @ 13
Veal, grain fed	13 @ 14

Hides.

(Quoted by Miller Hide Co.)	
Green hides	15
Bull Hides over 60 lbs.	13
Horse hides	\$5 to 6
Dairy skins	\$1.25 to \$1.75
Wool	60
Veal skins	\$2.00 to \$4.25

Got Monotonous.

"Why don't you call your hotel the Breakers any more?"
"Aw, everybody had to crack an alleged joke as he paid his bill."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Being alone when one's belief is firm is not being alone.—Anerbach.

Strangled the Tree.

A Victoria clergyman had an orange and a pine tree in his garden. One spring it was noticed that the orange tree was drooping, and on digging down he found that the roots of the pine, which stood at some distance, had twisted around the taproot of the orange tree and were strangling it to death. The offending roots were untwisted and cut away, and the drooping plant revived. The tree eventually died. Then on digging down at a greater depth the clergyman found the pine had attacked the orange root lower down and accomplished its murderous end.—London Graphic.

All the Same.

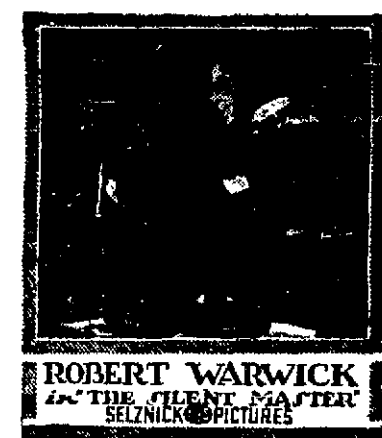
"Are you sure that he is crazy, doctor?"
"You are his wife. You ought to know."
"But I've been married twice before, and I thought he acted about the same as the others."—Life.

STRAND HIGH CLASS PHOTOPLAYS

MATINEE 2:30 :: EVENING 7:15 and 9:00 :: ADMISSION 10c

Extra - Attraction - Today

Selznick presents



ROBERT WARWICK'S

Greatest Screen Version

THE SILENT MASTER

By E. Phillips Oppenheim In Seven Parts

A fascinating story of adventure that is different—a picture that you will remember—Selznick's latest and greatest production.

—ALSO—
"Who's Baby" A Two-Reel Mack Sennett Triangle Comedy

NOTICE! On account of the proven drawing power of this production and the length of this show, it would be advisable to come early.

HAPPY HOUR THEATRE

THE BEST IN MOTION PICTURES.

MATINEE 1:30-3:30 TODAY ADULTS 10c
EVENING 7:00-9:00 CHILDREN 5c

SPECIAL ATTRACTION

CHARLIE CHAPLIN

"Easy Street"

A 2,000 FOOT SCREAM PRODUCED BY MUTUAL, STARRING THE ORIGINAL CHARLES CHAPLIN. DON'T MISS SEEING THIS KING OF COMEDIANS.

Gladys Leslie

'It Happened To Adele'

A ROMANTIC FIVE ACT GOLD ROOSTER PATHE DRAMA.

Late Universal Current Events

TOMORROW—Ella Hall in "The Little Orphan" A Bluebird photoplay.

ONEONTA THEATRE

Thursday, September 27

A. H. WOODS'

BIG NEW YORK SUCCESS

CHEATING CHEATERS

A Farce Melodrama in Four Acts by Max Marcini

Nothing exactly like it ever been seen on the American stage—Coming here after a year's run at the Eltinge Theatre, New York—The most entertaining theatrical offering of recent years.

This Is NOT a Moving Picture

PRICES: 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.50

ONEONTA MON. LADIES' OCT. 1

THEATRE MON. MATINEE OCT. 1

OF ESPECIAL INTEREST TO WOMEN—NOT A PICTURE

LAMBERT PRODUCING CO. OFFER THE PLAY THAT ALL AMERICA IS TALKING ABOUT—

THE OTHER MAN'S WIFE

BY VICTOR E. LAMBERT

SHALL A MAN LIVE TWO LIVES WHILE A WOMAN MUST STAND OR FALL BY ONE?

NO CHILDREN ADMITTED

AN ALL STAR CAST HEADED BY

GRACE MCGREGOR and MR. LAMBERT

PRICES: MATINEE, Lower Floor 75c, 50c; Balcony 25c. EVENING, 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50
SEATS ON SALE AT BOX OFFICE FRIDAY.

ONEONTA THEATRE

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 2nd

The Most Brilliant MUSICAL Event of the Season. Direct From New York Princess Theatre.

THE COMSTOCK-ELLIOTT CO. Presents

THE SMARTEST AND BRIGHTEST OF ALL MUSICAL COMEDIES

"OH, BOY"

by GUY BOLTON and P. G. WODEHOUSE

MUSIC by JEROME KERN



THE 4TH PRINCESS THEATRE (NEW YORK) MUSICAL COMEDY SUCCESS

PRICES: \$2.00, \$1.50, \$1.00, 75c, 50c. Seat Sale Saturday at 9 a. m. Mail Orders Now. The Greatest MUSICAL COMEDY Knock-Out New York Has Seen in Years.

THORPE WILL PLAY IN BIG SERIES



Jim Thorpe, right fielder of the New York Giants, is batting so well against southpaw pitching that it is almost certain McGraw will use him in the big series with the Sox against left-handed pitching. Jim will probably alternate with Dave Robertson in the right field position, as "Demon" Dave has been woefully weak against southpaws all season, whereas Thorpe is batting them all over the lot, but cannot seem to do anything against right hands. The big Indian is quite a lucky chap, having played most of the season with Cincinnati and being called back to the Giants in time to get a slice of the world series dough.

You Can Save Time and Money

And do better cooking if you use

A MODERN GAS RANGE

We can supply the range at a price to suit your purse, and on easy term payments if you wish. No charge for piping or installation. Satisfaction unconditionally guaranteed. Our representative will call.

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HARRY W. LEE, Editor.SUBSCRIPTION RATES—\$4.00 per year;
\$60 per month; 10c per week.

LESSONS OF THE WAR.

The war in which we, and naturally with reluctance, the United States has engaged, and only because it felt that the cause of the allies is the cause of mankind, carries in its train for our people certain other very tangible benefits besides the general one of the civic welfare of the world. Our country had too long been steeped in a sense of security, too sure that with the Atlantic ocean as an eastern barrier and the Pacific as a western, there was no danger to our vast republic from foes abroad. The war which began three years ago has shocked our country out of its false security. It has taught us that neither our own nor any other nation can rest in selfish sloth, unmindful of the general good. It has impressed on us that we have a duty to perform to the world, and that if freedom of, for and by the people is to endure, we must do our share in maintaining it. We have been taught a lesson of interdependence.

Long, also, have we been so rich in resources, so affluent of all the things which nature has in abundance showered to clothe and to feed, that we have ceased to be saving in anything. Wages have been high, manufactured articles have been plentiful and cheap, as also have foodstuffs and all the other necessities of life; and as a result we have been prodigal of our blessings. The war brings to us a realising sense of our position in the world economy. We understand what we must do toward feeding and supplying the world, and also of what we have wasted in the years gone by. The war has certainly taught us a lesson of thrift.

Early in the days of the war the rape of Belgium brought to us a feeling of pity and of charity—a desire to help the helpless and to succor the afflicted—which never before had been known. The work of the relief committees and of the Red Cross, begun at that time, has broadened as the years have gone by. Not only Belgium now but all the allied countries at war, have asked our aid, and not in vain; and now that we ourselves are in the war, there has come such abundance of societies for relief as could not a score of years ago have been imagined. Not the hundred millions of the Red Cross merely, but other millions for other needs of soldiers and of women and children in France and on other battle fronts, have been poured forth like water, and there is no slackening of the supply once the need is manifest. The war has taught its lesson of all-embracing charity.

These are three lessons which the war has taught, all in one sense similar, but in others differing. But there are many others, and when the war is over there is reason to believe that with the rest of the world America will rise purer and better, more self-sacrificing and more charitable for the crisis through which she has passed.

COMMENTS OF THE PRESS

The Ungentlemanly Act.

Mr. Gerard says that the Kaiser deplored as an ungentlemanly act the sinking of the Lusitania and the killing of so many women and children. "The Emperor," writes Mr. Gerard, "said that he would not have permitted the torpedoing of the Lusitania if he had known." Perhaps not, but he retained at the head of the admiralty the man who directed the perpetration of this monumental crime, and who subsequently directed the other crimes almost as bad; he decorated the individual butcher who carried out the orders of his superior, and he permitted the free circulation throughout his empire of a medal glorifying in the destruction of the ship and the slaughter of her innocent passengers. —[Brooklyn Daily Eagle.

As to Peace Terms.
All the terms of peace proposed there is one uppermost and indispensable, and that is the yielding by Germany of its menace of militarism. That is really what this war is about. There are some incidents like Belgium and Serbia, but they will be easily settled if the military autocracy is crushed. It is that which stands in the way of future peace, which is the real object of the war. It may seem difficult to phrase this feature of the terms, but the battle will go on until it is phased. —[Ohio State Journal.

The Farmer and Wheat.
The president of the Burlington railroad advises farmers to ship their grain to market now, when the railroads have cars and the weather is good. The voice of a Gronna or LaFollette hypocritically warning them that they are not getting their full dues with the price of wheat fixed at \$2.20 a bushel by the government may carry far, but it will raise false hopes. It leads them to think they can override the government's decision. —[New York World.

Concerning Justice Cushman.
The storm intensifies around Supreme Court Justice Daniel F. Cushman of New York city, and it is expected that when the legislature convenes in extraordinary session on Monday, it will take up the state department's exposure of the Judge's attempt to aid the Irish revolution by advising Berlin to make air raids on

England and land troops. The feeling in New York state runs strong, and an appeal to the legislature for Judge Cushman's removal from the bench is likely to be made. How patriotic Irishmen feel about the matter is shown by the vigorous way in which officers and men of the old Sixty-ninth New York regiment, now in camp on Long Island as the Sixty-Fifth infantry, denounce Cushman. —[Springfield Republican.

The Imperial Mar-Plotter!
An investigation by congress of the activities of Count von Bernstorff's secret agents is probably inadvisable, as the state department suggests. But the exposure of all his plots against the dignity and safety of the United States, assisted by such divers persons in his pay, Germans, pro-Germans and other traitors, as may come into the secret service net, should by all means go on. Let the country have all the facts, all the names, high and low. —[Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Free to Peaceful Nations.
What do the central powers mean when they prate about the "freedom of the seas" as a condition of peace? In time of peace the seas are free. If Germany had paid any respect to the rights of free people, either on sea or on land, there would have been no closing of the seas to German ships. The blockade of German ports took place only after Germany had started on a campaign of conquest. Germany will be given freedom of the seas, when the peace terms are written; but Germany's freedom, on sea or land, will end when she violates the rights of her neighbors. —[Binghamton Press.

COBLESKILL BREAKS RECORD.
Largest Attendance at Fair of Any Year in Its History.

The third day of the Cobleskill fair witnessed the largest crowd on the grounds in the history of the association, an ideal day and pleasing attractions contributing to that end. The grounds were literally covered with people, automobiles and carriages. The visitors began arriving at 8 a. m. and continued in an unbroken stream until 2 o'clock. Never had there been so many automobiles in the village. So far as reported, not a single accident marred the pleasure of the occasion. The big crowd was good natured and apparently enjoyed the jostling about. An intoxicated man was a rarity—a big event for a non-boozie town.

There were two good races—the 2:17 trot and the 2:25 pace—and four heats were necessary to decide the latter. The 2:17 trot for a purse of \$300 was won by Belgic, owned by J. C. Miller of Philmont, Baroness Chelsea second, Ed. Douglas third and Baylissa fourth. The best time was 2:16 1/4 in the second heat.
The 2:25 race, purse \$300, went to Newton B., owned by H. L. Brandow of Calro, with Hal Adams second, Gypsy Queen third and King Forrester fourth. The entries for today are:

First Race—2:17 Pace—Purse \$300. Bellinardine, b. m., by King Bellini, G. B. Gibson, Uniondale, Pa. Lou Bell, b. m., by Lloyd Bell, William Muckle, Albany. Captain Ambit, ch. g., by Theo. Sheldon, D. D. Mansfield, Philmont. Jay Pointer, br. g., by Star Pointer, Dr. Somerville, North Creek. Killarny, b. g., by Armont, George Tingley, Atton. Belle Armont, br. m., by Armont, C. G. Smith, Glens Falls.
Second Race—2:22 Pace—Purse \$300. Margaret S., b. m., by Dry Dock, W. H. Wheeler, Stamford. Black Bird, b. m., M. B. Riddell, Lusterne. Grace E., b. m., by Directly, C. Vrooman, Scotia. Billy Brown, b. g., by Direct Hal, G. B. Russell, Lake George. Wardmore, b. h., by Wardham, E. G. Russell, Lake George. Lucy Cope, s. m., by Jacopia, J. F. Williams, Troy. Robert B., b. g., by Shakespeare, E. G. Whiting, Granville.

RICHFIELD FAIR A WINNER.
Large Attendance and Receipts Assure Continuance of Exhibitions.

The Richfield Springs fair closed yesterday afternoon, after the best attended and financially most successful exhibition in its history. The entries were numerous and on Tuesday the gate receipts were \$1,645. Yesterday they were about \$1,100, and the management, which had with some little doubt decided to hold a fair, are enthusiastic and the continuance of the fair for years to come is assured. Features of the day were the two races, each of which, though finishing in three heats, was hotly contested. The 2:17 race was easy for Miss Searchlight, except in the second heat, wherein she was held close down the home stretch by Pedro Fatchen, who lost by less than a neck. In the half-mile colt race the scrap between Cresius Patch and Miss Marshall Wilkes excited much interest. The former colt, which is owned by Supervisor Dignan, was a general favorite and the deciding heat was a tight all the way down the home stretch, the Wilkes fly losing by less than a length. Cresius Patch is a home colt, raised by the late P. J. Horan, and has a long string of noted ancestors. The summary of the two races is as follows:

2:17 Race—Purse \$250.
Miss Searchlight, W. H. Wheeler, Stamford 1 1 1
Pedro Patchen, John McLean, Bridgewater 2 2 2
Lottie R., James Collier, Richfield Springs 3 3 3
Marshall Wilkes, Collier & Becker, Richfield Springs 4 4 4
Time—2:21 1/2, 2:17 1/4, 2:20 1/4.
Colt Race, Half Mile—Purse \$150.
Cresius Patch, George Dignan, Richfield Springs 2 1 1
Miss Marshall Wilkes, William Persons, Richfield Springs 1 2 2
Collier, Dr. W. P. Borland, Richfield Springs 3 3 3

BASEBALL AID TO GRENADING

Training in Athletics at Schools Help Defeat Germany.

When American sport writers first remarked many months ago that American boys would be terrors with that essential of modern trench warfare, the hand grenade, because of their skill in throwing a baseball and a football, it was viewed as something of a joke. But there was no joke about it, as we are learning today, and as the Germans will learn tomorrow, says Walter Kellogg Towers in an article on "Athletics Aid to War" in the American Boy.

Germany counted the cost before she risked bringing the United States into the war with her unrestricted submarine warfare. She decided that America's military power upon the land was negligible. Not only was our army small, argued the German military leaders, but we had no men trained in military discipline. They reckoned without America's system of school athletics and the training it has given and is giving to young Americans.

This training goes far deeper than the ability to throw a hand grenade far and accurately, important though that is. A thorough training in football, basketball or baseball as given in a school having well-organized and well-drilled teams provides a solid foundation for military training. The trained American athlete can be turned into a trained soldier quickly and readily.

The American athlete, says Mr. Towers, has learned to keep fit, to obey orders, to do the right thing at the right time, to keep his head under stress. He has learned to play the game on gridiron and diamond, and he is almost ready to play the bigger, harder, but not altogether dissimilar game of the shell-torn fields of France. The schools and colleges should continue their athletic activities.

Claims Against the D. & H.

Patrick Lenehan of this city has secured a settlement from the Delaware and Hudson railroad for injuries received last spring.

George T. Russell of Colliers has been paid for damage to his property the past summer when the new third track was being put in through his farm.

Charles Jacobs of this city has filed a claim for injuries to his hand a few weeks ago.

Hon. Charles C. Flaesch of Unadilla represents the different claimants.

Maccabee Dance at Maryland.

The Maccabees will hold one of their popular dances at their hall in Maryland Friday evening, September 25. Good music will be in attendance. Everybody come and have a good time.

Begin the day by studying the Y. M. C. A. charts. You may find something interesting to your case on Thrift!

Business and Professional Directory

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

ARNOLD, BENDES & HINMAN,
Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,
100 State Street, Albany, N. Y.

CHIROPRACTIC.

COOK & COOK, F. S. C. Chiropractors,
8 Grove street, phone 4-W.
Consultation and spinal analysis free.
Office hours 9-12 a. m., 1-5, 6-8 p. m. Lady attendants.

D. C. GRIGGS, N. S. C. Chiropractor,
120 Main street. Consultation free. Lady attendants. Office hours, 9-12 a. m., 1-5 p. m.

CHIROPODIST.

DR. W. D. BUELL,
158 Main street. Removes corns, bunions, ingrowing nails. Telephone 640-M. Office hours 12 to 1 and 5 to 9 p. m.

CORSETS.

MRS. J. E. MOULD, CORSETTE.
Phone 257-M.
Corsetiere for Spirella Corset Co.

HAIR AND SCALP TREATMENT.

MISS GRACE E. JONES, Phone 883.
Room 6, Oneonta Hotel Bldg.
Harper method shampooing, scalp treatment, manicuring and facial massage.

MISS O'DONNELL, Phone 746-J.
Keweenaw building, 7 Elm street, shampooing, facial massage, scalp treatment, dyeing.

INSURANCE.

H. M. HARD & SON,
4 Broad street. Phone 11-W.
Insurance, Real Estate and Loans.
Mutual and Stock Fire Companies, Auto Liability, Plate Glass, Bonding.

SHELLAND & NEARING,
C. F. Shelland.
Insurance, Real Estate & Loan Agency.
Office, Exchange block.

OSTEOPATHS.

WILLIAM and EDNA APFORTHORPE, D. O.
198 Main street. Office hours 9 a. m. to 12 m., 2 to 5 p. m. Bell phone 1060-J.

OPTOMETRIST.

C. O. BEIDERMAN, Graduate of Optometry.
Eyes examined, glasses furnished, all kinds of optical repairs done. Hours: 9 a. m. to 12 and from 1 to 5 p. m. 153 Main street.

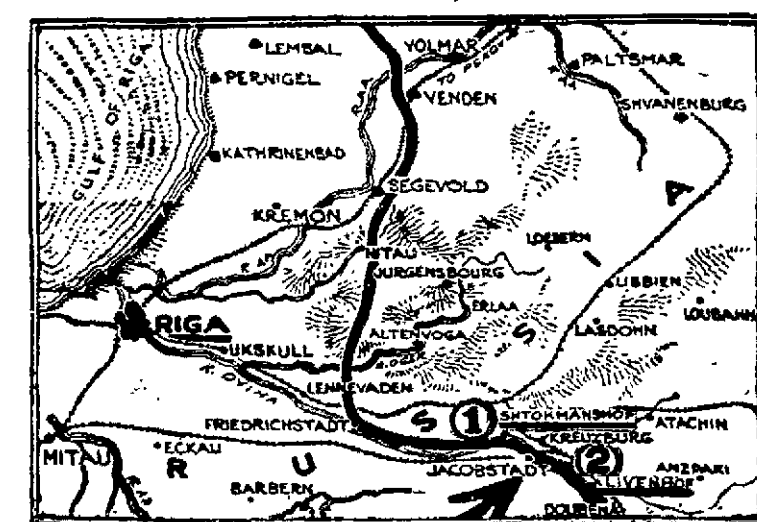
PHYSICIANS.

DR. NORMAN W. GETMAN, 246 Main St.
General practice, also special work in diseases of the skin. Office hours 9-10 a. m., 1-3 and 6-8 p. m. Phone: Office 507-J, House 546-W.

DR. DANIEL LUCE, 246 Main street.
General practice; also special work in Electro-Therapy. Office hours 8 to 10 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m.; 7 to 9 p. m. Phone: Office 607-J.

The Hoff-Mann
DRY CLEANING

Germans Advance On "The Dvina"



The Germans are striking the Russian lines eastward of Riga. They have reached the important river Dvina at all points from (1) Shokman-shof to (2) Livenhof, north and south of Jacobstadt respectively. At the Jacobstadt bridgehead the fleeing Russians abandoned large quantities of war material, Berlin reports.

RONAN BROS.

Fall Outer Apparel for Women and Misses

Merchandise that merits the inspection of all Women and Misses who would be well dressed at small cost. For this season we have striven to surpass even our own best record for value-giving. A glance at our stocks, a consideration of our superior qualities and styles, will show how magnificently we have succeeded.

Fascinating Autumn Millinery

Women have welcomed our Autumn millinery with open arms, the supreme beauty of the modes justifies the enthusiasm. The models are beautiful, artistic and becoming. Nearly a hundred new styles have been added to the already large array.

Childrens' Velvet and Plush Tams\$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.75, \$2.00 and \$2.50
Ready to Wear Hats\$1.50, \$1.98, \$2.50, \$2.98, \$3.50, \$5.00 and \$7.00
Hatters Plush Tailored Hats\$2.95, \$3.50, \$5.00, \$6.50 and \$8.00
Becoming Turbans of Lyons Velvet\$3.95, \$5.00, \$6.90, \$7.50 and \$9.00



An Interesting Collection of Women's and Misses' Coats and Suits

WOMEN'S SUITS AT \$15.00, \$19.00 AND \$25.00

Made of serge, cheviot, and burella, in navy, black and colors, either in braid trimmed styles or graceful straight line effects. Many have high collars and knished button trimming.

WOMEN'S COATS AT \$13.75, \$17.50 AND \$25.00

Made of velours, kersey and plush, in black, blue, brown, green and taupe. Several styles showing beltings and clever buttonings, kit coneys fur collars, large sailor collars of self material, plush lined collars and pockets of every description. Semi-lined with satin.

RONAN BROS.

The Morris Fair
October 2nd, 3rd and 4th

An Agricultural Fair That Is All Fair

For 40 years it has never failed in big exhibits in every department. Promises to be equally as good this year. Lots of special features, platform attractions and amusements. Horse and Cattle show unequaled anywhere. Visit the Butternut Valley and see it clothed in October glories and meet your friends there.

Baseball Game the First Day
Sidney vs. Chadwicks

\$450.00 In Cash Offered for Floats

GOOD RACES
Grand Floral Parade

Music During Fair by

The Laurens Cornet Band

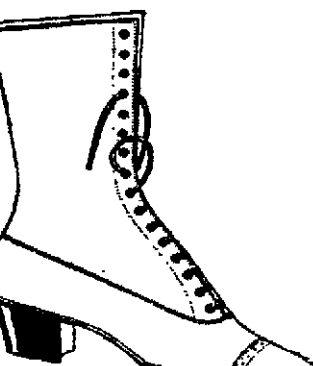
C. H. Naylor, President D. F. Wightman, Secretary

"DOING OUR BIT"

Showing the men of this town how to get the most for their "clothes-money."
Educating the people as to true clothes-values.
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Vying among ourselves to excel in courtesy and the spirit of cooperation.
Introducing better methods in filling the needs of our customers.
Creating confidence through fair dealing.
Eliminating extravagance.

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Walking Boots

Here we show a Woman's Walking Boot for Fall and Winter wear!

A Popular, as well as a sensible model of Street Boot for the Woman who walks. An 8-inch Boot of Mahogany Calf, Low Heel, Medium Toe. All variations in sizes and widths for perfect fittings.

Price \$6.00
Also in Black Calf Skin

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If It's An Automobile
You Want to See Us

Maxwell, 1918 Models Ready
Hollier Six and Eight
Hudson Super-Six
Studebaker

Victrolas, Sporting and Motor Goods

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Play Safe With Your Bank Account

The check crook is always ready—waiting to raid your funds. That's his business.
DIMUNETTE \$7.50
For Both Home and Office Use
—guards, and absolutely INSURES your bank account forever against raising.
It is the lowest priced check protector on the market.
You can't afford to be without it.
Call or phone 262 for 10 days' Free Trial.
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W. L. Brown Hardware Co., Inc.
MAIN AND DIETZ STS. ONEONTA, N. Y.

SHOES
FOR
FALL
WEARAll the New Styles For Men,
Women and ChildrenRalph W. Murdock
SHOES
175 Main St. Terms Cash

Oil Heaters

Why not an oil heater to make these cool nights and mornings comfortable. Come in and see what we have to offer you.

TOWNSEND
HARDWARE COMPANY

The Specialty Shop

Infants' Wear

Of the kinds that make the mother happy and the child comfortable.

Complete Layettes if desired.

ROSE & ROSE
14 Main Street Oneonta, N. Y.

You need
Shur-ons
if you
need glasses

YOU DON'T have to go through life holding things close up to see them. Proper glasses, skillfully fitted and adjusted will make correct seeing easy.

Better have your eyes examined

D. C. DeLONG
207 MAIN STREET
Office Hours—9 to 12 and 1 to 5
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safety First

For not we are called to man-ches, to enter the hospital to make munitions, to pro-vid or to perform some other war service, there will still be lying near the hand of us.

o a part of our bit by cutting istic and saving a part of our in- an our Government.

urchase U. S. Government bonds (onds) or deposit your savings so the bank can buy the bonds.

re never saved before, now is o begin.

r will start an account in our artment.

e always been thrifty, now is ncrease your thrift.

YESTERDAY'S TEMPERATURE

8 a. m. - - - - - 45
2 p. m. - - - - - 72
8 p. m. - - - - - 54
Maximum 74 — Minimum 40

LOCAL MENTION.

—The price named for coal sold the schools of the city in yesterday's issue was at the car, at which price, it is understood, all who desire may purchase if taken off the cars.

—The pressure canner was busy yesterday and enough material has been arranged for to occupy most of the time of the present week. Those taking material to the canner should be sure to be on hand at the opening time, which is 2 o'clock.

—The first of a series of bridge parties for the benefit of the Red Cross was held yesterday afternoon at the Baird garage on Chestnut street and the \$80 realized therefrom will be applied to the equipment of an emergency cot. Tea was served by the hostess.

—Excursions tickets will be on sale at the Oneonta station of the Delaware and Hudson this morning for a special train leaving for Binghamton at 8:32 a. m. at \$1.05 for adults and 55 cents for children. The same rate prevails at Otego, Wells Bridge and Unadilla. Returning the special train leaves Binghamton at 11 p. m. but tickets are good returning on the regular train leaving Binghamton at 6:10 p. m.

Meetings Today.

Regular meeting of Autumn lodge at 7:30 p. m.

Regular review Oneonta tent, Macabees, this evening at 8 o'clock.

The Social club of Chapin Memorial church will meet with Miss Gaylord, 87 Center street, this evening. All members and friends are cordially invited. Secretary.

Regular meeting of the G. I. A. at 2:30 o'clock, this afternoon.

Meeting Friday.

All members of the Surgical Dressing classes are requested to meet Miss Alden at the Red Cross headquarters Friday at 2:30 p. m., for the purpose of familiarizing themselves with the new surgical dressings as called for in the recent surgical dressing war manual.

Past Noble Grands at Milford.

The Past Noble Grands association of the Otego district were entertained yesterday at Milford by the representatives of the order residing in that village and a most enjoyable affair was reported by those in attendance. The business session was held in the afternoon, following which supper was served by the hostesses, Mrs. Koehler and Mrs. McFee represented the Oneonta delegation.

Suffering from Blood Poison.

Louis Wieshardt of Milford Center was brought to the Fox Memorial hospital last night suffering from blood poisoning following a bite from an insect and his recovery is considered doubtful. Doctor Ferguson of Portlandville has been attending him and thrice the arm has been opened and the infected part treated. Mr. Wieshardt is quite well known in this city.

Relief Corps Social.

The Woman's Relief corps held one of their enjoyable socials at the home of Mrs. Ralph McCune, Fair street, yesterday. About 40 were in attendance. The house was prettily decorated with flags. At 7:30 o'clock, a most beautiful dinner was served, after which the guests departed.

Enthusiastic Church Supper.

The Ladies Aid society of the Enthusiastic Methodist Episcopal church will hold a social and children's picnic supper at the church, Friday evening, September 28. Supper from 6 o'clock until all are served. Everyone welcome.

Volunteer Workers Needed.

Knitting is important, but do not overlook the fact that there is great need for surgical dressings. Volunteer workers are urged to be present at Red Cross headquarters this afternoon and evening.

Enlist One, Reject Two.

The local recruiting office accepted Harold A. Hendrickson, Rock Ritt, for the infantry yesterday, while two others were rejected for physical defects.

Woman's Club.

The semi-annual business meeting of the Woman's club will be held Tuesday, October 2, at 7:30 p. m.

Information Wanted.

Information is desired concerning whereabouts of John J. McIntyre, formerly employed in the Delaware and Hudson shops in this city. It will be for Mr. McIntyre's advantage to call at Star office, asking for A. B. Saxton.

Millinery Opening.

We will have our fall exhibit of trimmed hats Thursday and Friday, Sept. 27 and 28. Miss A. Caswell, The Broad Street Milliner.

Wanted—Pin boys for Oneonta club. Hours 4 to 6, 7 to 10 p. m. Apply J. L. Matteson, Buckley Brothers company.

Boy Wanted—Hours 8 a. m. to 3 p. m. Good chance to learn a trade. Good pay. Apply 26 Broad street.

Begin the day by studying the Y. M. C. A. charts. You may find something interesting to your case on Thrift!

1917 Light Buick-Six roadster for sale. Oneonta Garage company.

Wanted—Cashier at the Pioneer Lunch.

376 Wright's delivery. Adv. 17

MAY PROVIDE AMBULANCE

Labor Organizations to Name Committee on Ways and Means.

Some 50 men, representing about 1,400 members of labor organizations, met at the Municipal building last evening for informal discussion of the project of presenting the city of Oneonta with a motor driven ambulance, for which there is urgent need in a community where emergency calls are so frequent.

After the meeting had been called to order by Temporary Chairman John L. Young, Glendon A. Schubert, representing the August Schubert Wagon company of Oenida, spoke at length on the various types of chassis and bodies desirable and presented plans and specifications for an ambulance constructed by his concern.

To permit some concrete action to be taken in the matter Hon. Charles Smith made a motion, seconded by L. D. Slade, that the temporary officers be elected permanently, and that each labor union represented name a member of a committee who shall discuss the project and take such action as is deemed desirable. The motion was carried and Chairman John L. Young was elected permanent president and John Bruce, secretary.

The subject was then discussed at length by representatives of the various labor organizations, and there seemed to be no variance of opinion that a modern ambulance for the city was a great necessity, though the means of securing it and the means of maintaining it brought forth wide differences of opinion.

Some of the speakers believed that the ambulance should be given to the city without restriction, for it to maintain as its officials may deem best, while others believed that the ambulance should remain the property of the organized labor committee, who should direct its operation. The spokesman for the Brotherhood of Railway Firemen and Engineers asserted that he and his brothers were willing to contribute their share toward the purchase of the machine, but that they would never consent to its presentation to the city.

Many good suggestions as to its maintenance were made, and among them one of the concededly best was given by Mel Parone who believed that the ambulance could be best kept at the Municipal building, where all of the firemen are skilled chauffeurs and ready to respond to calls at all hours of the day and night. By such action the expense of an extra chauffeur at the hospital could be eliminated, and Mr. Parone made it plain that every fireman and every policeman is acquainted with first aid measures which could be applied while a patient was en route to the hospital.

Chairman Young announced a second meeting to be held for consideration of plans on the night of October 10 at 7:30 o'clock, at which time representatives of the various labor unions will gather in committee and express the views of their respective organizations.

Additional W. C. T. U. Superintendents.

At yesterday's meeting of the W. C. T. U. the following superintendents of departments were added to the list already reported:

Y. P. B. superintendents—Miss Florence Main.

L. T. L. superintendents—Mrs. E. J. McLaury.

Franchise superintendents—Mrs. Jarvis Cla. Ke.

Superintendent newspaper work—Mrs. Alma Webster.

Sunday school superintendents—Mrs. Mary Lawrence.

Mrs. Webster and Mrs. Nearing were chosen delegates to attend the state convention in Jamestown October 5 to 9. Mrs. Lulu Walker will attend as a state delegate. The program of the meeting was in charge of Mrs. Walker, the topic being, "The Call of the Age to Women." The wonderful work that the W. C. T. U. is doing in the way of sending ambulances, moving picture machines and victrolas was interestingly told.

Hearing in Williams Case.

The hearing in the Ernest Williams estate contest, which was begun some time ago, was continued yesterday before Surrogate Huntington at his offices in this city. The petitioners appeared by Arthur E. Conner of Walton, Judge L. F. Raymond of Franklin and Hon. C. R. O'Connor of Ithaca. The executor were represented by Gibbs, Holmes, Waterman & Holmes of this city, and the interests of Dorothy Williams, the infant who was the chief beneficiary under the will, were looked after by Charles C. Klesch, esq. of Unadilla. Two witnesses were sworn, and adjournment was then taken until Friday morning of this week.

West Oneonta Embroidery Club.

The West Oneonta Embroidery club will meet Friday afternoon with Mrs. Richard Collar.

Don't Be a Coward.

Poverty makes cowards of us all. It breaks a man's nerve. Every man, woman and child in Otego and Delaware counties can avoid poverty by finding out about and using the safe six per cent compound interest system of the Oneonta Building and Loan association, which is protected by state laws, same as savings banks and which has helped others to the amount of several million dollars and is now better able to do it than ever before.

The uniform strength and purity of Baker's extracts makes them peculiarly adapted for cakes, custards, creams. Adv. 17

Notice.

One new milch cow for sale. John R. Todd. Phone 19. Adv. 17

For Sale—Two hundred well bred two and three-year-old Holstein heifers. O. B. and E. L. Foote, Hobart, N. Y. Adv. 27

Wanted—Two teamsters. Inquire Webb Lumber company, 134 Main street.

FIRST REGIMENT EN ROUTE

Will Probably Reach Spartansburg, South Carolina, Early Friday Morning.

After a long period of uncertainty as to when and where they were to go, the First New York regiment left Van Cortlandt park, New York city, Tuesday morning, and is now on its way to Camp Wadsworth at Spartansburg, S. C. The orders for the company to entrain were not received until Sunday, and by 10 a. m. on Monday all the tents and other camp equipment were packed and on the way. The men slept under "pup" tents in the park Monday night, and Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock ranks were formed and the trip to the Pennsylvania station began. The 23d regiment formed in line as they marched and gave the up-state boys a good send-off. Leaving the subway, the regiment marched to the station, which they reached at noon. The orders were for the departure of the regiment at 2 p. m., but it was 5 o'clock before the heavy trains moved out of the station.

The men stood the long delay, with packs on and in line, very well indeed, and when the order to board train was given the boys of Company G moved on double quick with a pep and ginger that showed how well they had endured the long delay. The schedule time of the train is 48 hours, which would bring the troops to camp this evening, but it is estimated that at least 56 hours will be required, which will bring the train to Spartansburg after midnight Friday morning.

Mrs. George W. Augustin, who since Saturday had been waiting the departure of the regiment in which her husband is head of the medical corps, returned home last evening. She took with her to New York the sweaters which had been knit by the Oneonta Red Cross for Company G and was able to deliver them and personally to see that every member of the company had a comfortable sweater before the troops left for Spartansburg.

It is suggested that relatives and friends desiring to write the boys at Spartansburg address their letters as follows:

(Private) John Brown,
Company G, 1st New York Infantry,
Camp Wadsworth,
Spartansburg, S. C.

RECEPTION TO STUDENTS.

Newcomers Welcomed Into Congregation of First Baptist Church.

A reception for students of the Normal school and High school was held in the parlors of the First Baptist church last evening and some hundred and odd young people were extended the hand of friendship in the life of the church.

A carefully prepared program was rendered by members of the Christian Endeavor society, following which all united in singing patriotic songs. Delicious refreshments were served by the entertainment committee.

ONEONTA THEATRE.

Brilliant New York Success "Cheating Cheaters" This Evening.

"Cheating Cheaters," the brilliant New York success, which ran an entire year at the Eltinge theatre, New York, last season, will be presented at the Oneonta theatre this evening, under the direction of A. H. Woods. "Cheating Cheaters" is a farce melodrama in four acts by Max Marcin, author of "The House of Glass." It deals with two ingenious and original sets of crooks who try to get the better of each other in a fashion new to the usages of the underworld. The fame of the play and its phenomenal success in New York have already gone broadcast and it is expected that its production at the Oneonta theatre will prove one of the most notable theatrical events of the local season.

"Nothing But the Truth"

Is announced for presentation at the Oneonta theatre Friday evening. This is the merry farce that had a laughing career of over 440 performances at the Longacre theatre in New York, and it has lost none of its funny qualities by repeated presentation throughout the land. By all means go to see the result of telling the truth, even if you can't get ten thousand dollars for doing so. You will get an evening of clean, wholesome laughter by going and that's worth something in these days of high cost, etc. If New York laughed at this play—we certainly can take a chance at it. Why not?

Every Woman Should Know That while she has, in times gone by, been the inferior of man; she is now demonstrating that she is his equal in nearly everything. Consequently, being his equal, or nearly so, she should enjoy the same privileges; and if not, she should not enjoy those of which she is denied. A double standard of morals should be denied him, if she is to abide by the single standard.

In "The Other Man's Wife," Victor Lambert has handled the theme in a masterly manner. At the Oneonta theatre on Monday, October 1, with a special ladies' matinee.

"Oh, Boy."

"Oh, Boy," the dainty and charming musical comedy hit of the season and the fourth and most successful of the New York Princess theatre productions, will come to the Oneonta theatre Tuesday night, Oct. 2.

The hook and lyrics of "Oh, Boy" are by Guy Bolton and P. G. Wodehouse, and the music is by Jerome Kern.

Danco—Attend the series of Wednesday and Saturday night dances at Liberty hall. Dancing every night. Fair week. Adv. 17

Ira S. Sweet, practical housekeeper, at the Windsor, Oneonta, October 1. Eagle, Norwich, October 3. Adv. 17

PRICE

Is not a true standard of economy—

SERVICE Always Is, As In

Style-Craft

Coats and Suits

M. Gurney & Sons, Inc.

A Friend's Birthday Gift

Brigham gives careful attention to beautiful and useful articles especially suitable for birthday gifts. Handy Pins, Bar Pins, Rings, Brooches, Bracelets, Sleeve Links, Fobs, Chains, Scarf Pins, Penknives, Cigarette Cases, etc., enduring gifts of fine quality and good taste, yet moderate in price.

The Birthstone is always appreciated for a gift. September folks should wear a Sapphire—it's indicative of wisdom. We have beautiful Sapphires in many articles of jewelry. The fact that the birthday gift comes from Brigham's is an assurance of quality that makes it doubly pleasing.

R. E. Brigham
JEWELER
141 Main St. Oneonta, N. Y.

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RELIABLE SERVICE ALWAYS

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47 Grove St., Oneonta.

Phone 1047-J C. W. Peck, Prop.

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Presented In Impressive Numbers

New coat styles in the Soft Bolivias, Velours, Broad Cloth, Kerseys and other chosen fabrics.

The newest colors are represented.

Present Prices Range from \$15.00 up to \$59.00

CHARMING SUIT STYLES that reflect individuality from every view point. Very moderately priced in accordance with their superior quality of materials, excellent tailoring and pre-eminent styles.

The prices range from \$20.00 to \$59.00.

B. F. Sisson **B. F. Sisson**

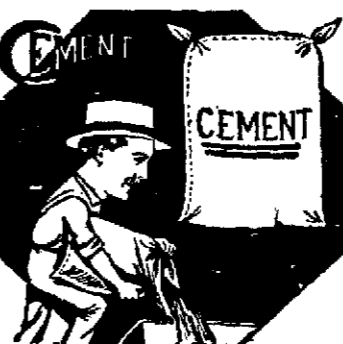
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Food cooked in Pyrex is visible while it is cooking. You can see the bottom as well as the top by simply opening the oven door. We are displaying a complete assortment.

Lauren & Rowe

"PYREX GLASSWARE" "EVER-READY DAYLOS"



It's a Pleasure to Work with our cement. It is so fine, so free from grit, so readily absorbent. Goes farther, sets firmer than any other cement made. Foundations, walls, paths, pillars, etc., are practically everlasting, which means economy for the first cost is the only one. Experienced masons and builders all prefer our cement. They know.

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Vanilla and Chocolate Cream
Caramels . . . 40c per Pound

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When Your Glasses Break

Bring them to us for repairs. We can duplicate them from the broken pieces, no matter where you bought them.

Our facilities for this work are unequalled. All lenses are ground by experienced workmen in our own shop. Try us next time!

Franklin J. Innes
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ONEONTA, N. Y.
177 Main Street Phone 707-J

A STRANGE PEOPLE

Red Heads of Asiatic Turkey
Last of the Baal Worshipers.

HAVE SOME QUEER CUSTOMS.

All Males Wear Red Caps and Around
Their Throats Red Knotted Cords and
Allow Their Wives to Beat Them—All
Babies Are Salted When Born.

Strange people are the Red Heads of Asiatic Turkey. They are the last of the Baal worshipers. The men wear red caps; hence their name Red Heads. They also wear red knotted cords around their necks. The cord is put on during babyhood and is never removed. It is interred with the body after death. They shave their heads except for a patch on the top, and here they allow the hair to grow long and plait it into pigstails, which hang about their ears. They are tall, wiry fellows, with enormous appetites for both food and drink.

The women, who do not veil themselves and who dress simply in loose fitting garments, are thin and spare, but wonderfully strong. In their homes they wear breeches as well as skirts. There is no wife beating among the Red Heads, but plenty of husband beating. The husbands take their frequent chastisements meekly and patiently. They employ themselves, both the women and the men, in agriculture and theft. They produce a couple of crops, tobacco and durra. The rest of their time is given up to looting the Turks' crops and cattle.

In the center of every village there is a small circle called off, and in this space there is planted the special religious emblem, an evergreen oak. No one except the father priest of the village enters the inclosed ground, which is decorated with small flags, strings of coins and bright colored beads. Around and about the circle the Red Heads celebrate the only religious festival known to them, "the gathering of the new moon," which takes place every month. Directly a new moon makes its appearance the people are called together, by a lay priest beating a barrel shaped drum stuck end up on the ground.

Fires are lit, the cooking utensils placed thereon and the sheep killed by the priest, who sprinkles a little of the animals' blood on the oak, and the carcasses flayed and cut up into joints and the latter cooked over the fires, before which millet and wheat cakes are by this time baking on huge flags. In the meantime tables on treesticks are set up and laid with wooden plates, horn spoons and steel knives and forks, and soon the feasting begins. The women wait on the men, who gorge steadily for about an hour and then, while their wives and daughters are clearing up the little they have left, indulge in dancing, drinking and general merriment.

No religious formality marks the feast, no blessing or benediction or grace. Indeed, not at birth or burial or marriage do these survivors of the ancient Baal worshipers employ any formula or observe anything in the nature of a religious ceremony. They have no Bible, no prayer book, no liturgy, no place of worship. Their one and only sanctuary is the sacred tree inclosure, their only religious symbol the evergreen oak.

When a baby is born it is warily clothed, placed on a large wooden platter and taken to the priest, who, in front of the sacred tree, strips it and salts it. Probably this accounts for the few Red Heads that now survive, it being said that their numbers have dwindled to a mere seven or eight thousand. For the service the priest is always given a shoulder from the sheep which it is usual to kill on such occasions and which forms the principal item in the birth feast. Other duties that the priest has to carry out are the cutting of three horizontal cuts with a dagger just above the level of the eyebrows on the forehead of the dead and the setting of all disputes.

When a couple becomes engaged the woman spends most of her time cooking dainty and tasty dishes and trotting round with them to her lover's home, followed by her father with wine and spirits. Breach of promise is almost unknown, for the youth who jilts has his throat cut. An erring husband is hanged on some remote tree by the red cord he wears round his neck, and the body is left as a warning to others. An erring wife mysteriously disappears, and no questions are asked. A man who deserts his wife also is hanged, while the woman who deserts her husband is compelled to return to him.

There is a secret ceremony of initiation which every Red Head is compelled to undergo on attaining his seventeenth birthday. It involves seclusion for seven days and going without food and drink for three days. At the termination of this preliminary test the youth is taught certain passwords and grips by which he may recognize his brethren, and a red circle is tattooed on his breast. The strange people live on terms of friendship with the whole of their neighbors, with the exception of the Turks, whom they hate and treat accordingly. — J. C. Bristow-Noble in London Globe.

The Fertile Rock.

Gibraltar is often called a barren rock, yet it has 450 species of indigenous flowering plants. Caster oil plants, daturas and lupines attain the dignity of trees and geraniums and heliotropes the proportions of bushes. These floral delights often conceal cannon and other armaments. The few snakes that are found are small and harmless. Lizards several inches long are often seen.

Licorice Root.

Several thousands of tons of licorice root, which is considered a pest and worse than worthless by the natives generally, are annually gathered in Turkey for exportation to this country for use in the manufacture of chewing and smoking tobacco as well as for various confectionery and beer.

CHICKEN CHATTER.

As the chicks grow they need more room. It does not pay to let them crowd.
Tough grass is of no value as a green food. Better sow some quick growing crop.
Feed hoppers greatly reduce the work. If they are kept filled the chicks will never go hungry.
If your chicks are not doing well something is wrong. Look out for lice and for worms in the intestines.
Two-year-old hens had better be sent to the market. They seldom pay for their feed if kept over a third season.
Cris and oyster shell should be included in the ration for both young and old. To neglect this would be poor economy.

BUTTERMILK FOR CHICKS.

Experiment Proved It to Be a Good Substitute For Meat Scraps.
For many years I believed that no form of milk could be successfully substituted for some form of meat in a poultry ration, writes a poultry-woman in the Farm and Fireside. Until last season I always used a good deal of beef scrap, but having read of the great value of buttermilk as a substitute I decided to experiment. May 15 I took off a hatch of Rhode Island Reds to be grown for market. The first few days they were given to



The real Dominique fowl are much like the Leghorns in style and are said to be one of the oldest breeds in America. They are prolific layers and are splendid table birds. The cock shown is a Dominique.

drink only very sour buttermilk, as I have found this to be an excellent preventive of bowel trouble. Later they had water also. Their feed from start to finish was equal parts by measure of cornmeal and wheat bran mixed to a crumbly mass with buttermilk. The first week they were fed four or five times a day all they would clean up.

The buttermilk was always allowed to stand until the water or whey came to the top. This was poured off and only the thick part used.

At fourteen weeks of age the cockerels went to market, averaging three and one-half pounds, while a buyer who wanted the pullets for layers bought them by the piece without weighing. They had free range and were always healthy and thrifty. While the addition of beef scrap might have given a rather faster gain at an added cost, I was satisfied with the result.

For many years I started all my chicks on a cake made with equal parts by measure of bran, meal, oatmeal, middlings and beef scrap mixed with buttermilk and baked. I fed this exclusively the first week, then supplemented it with chick feed for two weeks, when it was omitted and chick feed and dry mash were used until the chicks were old enough to have cracked corn and wheat. This method made more work and gave no better results than were obtained in last season's experiment. With chicks kept in confinement results might be different.

I know of several farmers who are getting good results from hens and chicks having no form of meat food except milk. On one farm an average of 2,000 hens have been kept for many years. These and the chicks raised each season consume the milk from about twenty cows. The owner claims it is far more profitable than if the milk were fed to hogs. In many instances the milk is soured, warmed enough to separate and the whey poured off, using only the curd, thus eliminating a large percentage of water.

Lime For the Henhouse.

Not enough importance is placed on the value of good air slaked lime for use in the poultry house and on the runs. Properly used, the lime is of great sanitary value. It will counteract disagreeable odors. A free use of air slaked lime on chicken runs where grapes prevail is exceedingly beneficial. Its use no doubt also destroys other germs and bacteria. The wise poultryman will always have a good supply of lime on hand and use it both inside and out of his poultry houses.

The Ancient Scepter.

The Hebrew word translated as "scepter" originally meant a rod or a staff and was the wand of a ruler. It was thence applied to the shepherd's crook (Leviticus xxvii, 32; Micah vii, 34).
It may be inferred that the scepter of early Hebrew times was made of wood. The scepter of the Persian monarch is described as "golden"—that is, probably of massive gold (Esther iv, 11).
Shopper—Do you keep stationary?
Floorwalker—No, madam; if I did I'd lose my job.—Puck.

"Ta, what is temperance?"
"Just a fancy name for cussedness."
—Detroit Free Press.

FOR YOUNG FOLKS

Sleepy Time Story About a
Beautiful Heavenly Body.

AN OLD INDIAN LEGEND.

Tale That Delighted the Children Who
Dwelt in America Before the White
Men Landed Here—Two Orphans and
What Became of Them.

Tonight, said Uncle Ben to Little
Ned and Polly Ann, I am going to tell
you

AN INDIAN FAIRY TALE.

This story was a great favorite with the little Indian children, who might after night would listen to it with shining eyes and open mouths as some clever story teller spun tale after tale to the little groups about the blazing campfires.

The Indians say that long ago there were two little orphans, a girl and a baby boy. The little girl brought up her baby brother. He was grateful for her care, and a more loving brother and sister it would have been hard to find. However, as the years passed Little Shell, as he was called, did not grow tall like other Indian lads. It was long after other Indian youths of his age went out hunting before his sister would allow him to take his bow and arrows and go into the forest alone. He was so small that at first he brought in only tiny game, but he was so clever that soon he was the best hunter in the forest.

Their parents had left the two orphans a stream in which many fine beavers built their homes. One morning Little Shell found a giant coolly killing these little animals. Instead of going away quietly when told to do so, the giant fought Little Shell so fiercely that the lad had trouble in taking care of himself, but at last he whipped the giant, sending him limping away, never to trouble any one again.

But the evil giant in going cast a curious spell over Little Shell. Little Shell was no longer content to stay at home, but felt a longing to go traveling about all over the world seeing all sorts of strange sights. Little Shell knew this was no life for his sister. He went home and told her he must leave her. "So be it, brother," she said. "Then I will wait your return, where I can always watch over your wanderings. Far up in the eastern sky when the mornings are clear you will see me. I have always loved the sky and wished to live there."

So they parted, and the next morning a beautiful clear star shone far up in the sky and has shown there ever since. It is Little Morning Star, sister of Little Shell, whom the Indians sometimes call the Little Wild Man of the Mountain. And he has never come home, so the Indians tell their children. For is not Little Morning Star still to be seen waiting in the eastern heavens for the return of her roving brother? And the Indians believe that some day he will come back, and then the brother and sister will shine together in the sky.

Brown Eyed Susans.

Little brown eyed Sue did stray into a field of flowers gay, And, very much to her surprise, She saw the flowers had big brown eyes. The flowers gaily tossed their heads And looked at her and gently said, "What is your name?" "My name is Sue," "So you're a brown eyed Susan too!" —William A. Roberts.

A Rabbit For Charity.

Not long ago there was held in a town on Long Island, New York, a fair that had for its object the raising of



Photo by American Press Association.
HOY AND HIS BUNNY.

a fund to buy milk for the poor babies of New York. Among the many articles offered for sale was a boy's pet rabbit. Although very fond of his pet, this boy gave it up readily to help needy little ones. The picture shows him with his pet in his arms.

People who often look for the worst often look the worst for it.

Experience is a good teacher. It shows us what fools we used to be.

Short For Which?

Mrs. Blueblood—We dined at fresco last evening.
Mrs. Newrich—I think I've met him somewhere? Is his first name Albert or Alfred?—Boston Transcript.

Chesterfield

CIGARETTES

of IMPORTED and DOMESTIC
tobaccos.—Blended



"They please the taste
great! But also—"

IF a cigarette simply pleased the taste,
smokers used to let it go at that.
But not now.

Because Chesterfields give smokers not
only a taste that they like, but also a
new kind of smoking-enjoyment—

Chesterfields hit the smoke-spot, they
let you know you are smoking—they
"Satisfy"!

Yet, they're MILD!

The new blend of pure, natural Im-
ported and Domestic tobaccos—that
tells the story. And the blend can't be
copied—don't forget that!

Ask for Chesterfields—next time you buy.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

They "Satisfy"!
and yet they're Mild.



Package wrapped
in dust-proof,
moisture-proof
paper—keeps
them fresh.

20 for
10¢

NATIONAL HIGHWAYS.

One of the newest internal developments of America, which is being brought more and more into public notice, is the laying out, marking and improving of national highways. The growth of the automobile industry and popularity of auto tours, some of which are often transcontinental, are largely responsible for the country wide interest in this improved highway movement. In the near future America will have a number of highways equal to those over which Joffre at the beginning of the German invasion of France in 1914 rushed his troops and thus was able to stem the German tide and save France.

This instance should demonstrate to patriotic Americans that good roads are a form of preparedness of immense military value in times of war and great conducive to the interests of commerce and pleasure in time of peace. The idea has been promoted by private individuals, small companies and of late years by associations formed by the combination of interested groups all over the United States.—New York Tribune.

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Come in and look over my

stock and sample books. You

can find anything you want,

and at prices that will please

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The General All-Around Cleaner

New American Marching Tune

Philadelphia Choirmaster Writes Rousing Setting For One Of Our Old and Popular Songs.

Battle Hymn of the Republic.

JOHN WARD HOWE Solo or all voices in unison. **RALPH KINDER**

With Spirit

1. Mine eyes have seen the glory of the coming of the Lord;
2. I have seen Him in the watch-tower of a hundred arched windows
3. I have seen Him in the burning of the bright and burning of the
4. He has sounded forth the trumpet that shall never call retreat;
5. In the beauty of the lilies Christ was born across the sea,

He is trampling out the vintage where the grapes of wrath are stored; He hath
They have builded Him an altar in the evening dews and damps, I can
As ye deal with my conquerors, so with you my grace shall deal; Let the
He is sowing out the seeds of truth and faith, and the Judge must deal
With a glo-ry in His arms that transfigures you, and me; As He

looked the fateful lightning of His terrible swift sword, His truth is marching on.
read His righteous sentences by the dim and dawning lamps, His day is marching on.
He, no, born of woman crush the serpent with His heel, Since God is marching on.
with my soul to answer that he is in his last day, for our God is marching on.
died to make men holy, let us die to make men free, While God is marching on.

Chorus

Glo-ry! Glo-ry! Hal-le-lu-jah! Glo-ry! Glo-ry! Hal-le-lu-jah!

Glo-ry! Glo-ry! Hal-le-lu-jah! His truth is marching on.

Copyright, 1917, by Ralph Kinder. Copyright assigned, 1917, to J. Fischer and Bro.

RALPH KINDER, for many years organist and director at Holy Trinity church in Philadelphia, has prepared a new and rousing setting of "The Battle Hymn of the Republic," which those who have heard it say is bound to make itself in a short time widely known and popular.

In an editorial in the Outlook recently Lyman Abbott made a forceful statement of the desirability of a setting of "The Battle Hymn" that should be distinctive and appropriate on church as well as on secular patriotic occasions, and to Philadelphia friends recently Bishop Brent expressed his feeling that the setting to "John Brown's body," as used in the great commemorative service at St. Paul's, in London, when the bishop preached, did not support with the solemnity of the occasion. That sentiment has been expressed by many others entitled to an opinion.

The new melody, which may be sung in many voices in unison or by solo voice with the chorus upon the refrain, is all the swing of the original march-

ing tune which is associated with other secular words. Yet it will sound as well in a church as in a community singing or upon the highway, for, while the music has infectious spirit, it has a devotional quality as well.

The aim of the author was to produce a tune that should have plenty of fire and swing and still be so fundamentally simple as to recommend itself to the average musical capacity. In this aim he has emphatically succeeded, as any one who hears the music is aware at once.

Another version is for brass band or orchestra, and this was employed with great effect by Victor Herbert and his orchestra recently. Especially noteworthy in this instrumental version, which precedes the refrain of the vocal version with a stirring instrumental march is the resolute and inspiring use of the trombones and the tuba. Mr. Kinder reveals himself here a master of the art of employing the brasses, even as he is a scholar of long experience in the expert handling of voices.

CARE OF POULTRY RUNS.

Runs Should Be Kept in Sanitary Condition to Prevent Disease.

Cleanliness is a prime factor in successful development of young poultry. In every appliance in the poultry yard clean and sanitary, disease has chance, writes a correspondent of Orange Judd Farmer. The best method of combating lice is by spraying with any good disinfectant. I have at the force barrel spray effective, resistant and efficient in evenly distributing the solution to all parts of poultry house. Colony houses which poultry occupy are treated like a. Early spring chicks have now attained considerable size and growth early summer they are changed to their yard with a larger run where sun and shade are plentiful. The poultry yard where the spring chicks have been is unsanitary for old chicks until thoroughly cleaned. To remove this I place a thin layer of wood over the run and set it afire. A better way I have tried with satisfactory results is to plow the yard at four inches deep, work down and seed to a rapid growing grass. Young poultry thrives better yard having plenty of grass than bare run. Quite a little of the grass is eaten daily. It also serves a place for the youngsters to insects.

Many farms the flock has no in late summer. A good substitute in the absence of trees is the shade umbrellas. They give shade in late summer and feed from the seeds in the fall to be used in winter as food for the laying hens. It is unwise when ground for late winter early spring chicks.



"I AIN'T DRIVIN'."

you're gone? Ye might have killed my lady friend here."

"Ah, what's eatin' ye?" yelled the conductor. "I ain't drivin' this car, am I?"

"But ye're steerin' her, ain't ye?" yelled Bob Bowline. — Washington Star.

Subconscious Wishes.

When a girl dreams it is that she is being married in a church crowded with former suitors who are crying so loud that the strains of the wedding march cannot be heard. — Capper's Weekly.

The will of the sultan of Turkey is absolute in so far as it is not in opposition to the teachings of the Koran.

Lead in liquid air is said to act like steel at ordinary temperatures. It will serve as a helical spring, for example.

The Redmond Mystery

By ETHEL HOLMES

During the last decade of the nineteenth century William Redmond, an eastern merchant, in business for himself, seeing that large corporations must eventually absorb his trade, decided to put his stock into money and go west with it where big business was still comparatively unknown. He cleaned up \$30,000 and started westward to find a new field for investment.

Since he was uncertain just where he would locate he put his capital in thirty bills of \$1,000 each. His wife made him a bag in which to keep them, and the bag he hung around his neck. His family consisted of two persons, his wife and a little daughter ten years old. These he left behind him, being his intention to send for them when he found a settling place.

During his journey Redmond wrote home from different points through which he passed. When about to enter New Mexico he wrote that he would leave all regular conveyances, proceeding on horseback. Quite likely he might not have another opportunity to send another letter for some time, since he was about to pass through a rather wild country.

A fortnight passed and Mrs. Redmond was beginning to expect another letter from her husband, but was disappointed. Another two weeks went by and still no word from him. Then the weeks of his silence became months. When half a year had passed without hearing anything from her husband the poor woman gave him up for lost. Friends of hers who had correspondents in the west wrote them giving them such data as they possessed of where Redmond was when last heard from, and they investigated the matter. No trace was found of him after he left the place where he had written his last letter to his wife. When told that he had \$30,000 on his person the investigators declared that he had doubtless been murdered for his money.

Mrs. Redmond did not assent to this theory. She knew her husband to be or have been a very secretive man and did not believe that he would permit any one he did not trust implicitly with a knowledge of the bills he carried on his person. She rather inclined to the theory that he had been robbed.

However, after several years had passed and nothing was learned of her husband's fate Mrs. Redmond gave up all hope of his ever returning to her. He had taken all her capital with him except enough to supply her wants till she should become permanently located. She made this amount last for a year and then was obliged to work to support herself.

Mrs. Redmond lived ten years after her husband's disappearance. He had left in the east a record of the numbers of the bank bills he took with him, and these numbers were sent to banks all over the United States hoping that some knowledge might come of the lost man through one or more of the bills. But none of the bills was ever presented at any bank. This added to the mystery and reflected on the theory that Redmond had been murdered. If he had not been murdered what had become of him?

When Mrs. Redmond died her daughter Flora was twenty years old. Her mother before her death told her that she was heirless to \$30,000 and would some day come into possession of her fortune.

Flora formed an attachment for a young man named Trevor, but since Trevor had nothing except a small salary neither he nor Flora could bring themselves to accept the burdens of matrimony. One day a letter came addressed to Mrs. William Redmond from an official in New Mexico. It stated that in opening a road quicksand had been struck. While endeavoring to secure a foundation the body of a man on horseback was found some distance under the surface. From papers found on the body the man's identity as William Redmond had been learned. The body had been placed in a burial vault. Flora read this letter with great interest.

Both Trevor and Flora had been saving money for some time, thinking that they might, after all, unite their lives and by this time had enough jointly to pay their expenses to the west.

After much deliberation the pair decided to be married, go to New Mexico, and if the fortune was not recovered they would settle where there was more opportunity to make a career than in the east.

On reaching New Mexico, without making themselves known, they learned where the body of John Redmond had been placed, and one night visited an acre of ground used for a cemetery. There was but one vault in it, and the fastenings to this were insecure. Trevor forced them by means of a file and an iron implement he had provided for the purpose. Then he went in and opened a rude box containing the only body there. Striking a light he began to feel for the bag under the clothing. About the shoulders he found tape, and the tape led to the bag.

The latter was difficult to get because it was between the shoulder blades. Trevor finally secured it and, opening it, found the bills. In a few moments he had examined and counted them. There were thirty \$1,000 bills. Leaving the vault, he embraced his wife, assuring her that she had come into her inheritance.

The Trevors decided to remain in the west and are now among the wealthiest people of their state.

Her Quick Wit.

He—Your new hat is charming, but I fancy it doesn't go well with that dress. She (enchanted)—Oh, you dear old husband, so you really mean to buy me a dress as well?

Love.

Obedience, we must remember, is a part of religion and therefore an element of peace, but love, which includes obedience, is the whole.



AMERICAN CHICLE COMPANY



JESSE L. LASKY, the famous moving picture impresario, says: "I find that chewing Adams Pepsin Gum is about the most wholesome habit I ever acquired. It cheers me and relieves nerve tension."

Jesse L. Lasky

ADAMS PEPSIN

THE BIG BUSINESS-MAN'S GUM

In the Struggle for Wealth take care of your Health

"Say, where's the missus?"

"She's upstairs washing her face."

"Then tell her she had better come down and see the laundress who's here facing her wash." — Baltimore American.

LISTEN TO THIS!
SAYS CORNS LIFT
RIGHT OUT NOW

You reckless men and women who are pestered with corns and who have at least once a week invited an awful death from lockjaw or blood poison are now told by a Cincinnati authority to use a drug called frezone, which the moment a few drops are applied to any corn, the soreness is relieved and soon the entire corn, root and all, lifts out with the flaxers.

It is a sticky ether compound which dries the moment it is applied and simply shrivels the corn without inflaming or even irritating the surrounding tissue or skin. It is claimed that a quarter of an ounce of frezone will cost very little at any of the drug stores, but is sufficient to rid one's feet of every hard or soft corn or callus. You are further warned that cutting at a corn is a suicidal habit.

He Wins Who Works.

And still people talk about born singers, artists, inventors and mechanics. The theory is illogical, and the truth of it has never been demonstrated. It is true that there are a few individuals who are born into the world with an unusual amount of latent ability, and people call them talented. The difference between the words talent and latent is merely a variation in the location of the letters. The meaning of the two words is almost identical. The possession of talent means the possession of some latent quality which requires development for perfect expression. A freak is not a genius because, although usually lacking in the consciousness of power, he feels no need for growth, and even the power that he possesses gradually diminishes instead of expanding. The man who works for years and finally reaches the goal of his dreams always smiles when he hears some one speak of a born genius. — Los Angeles Times.

Acquired.

Wife—I can't understand why I didn't see those faults in you before we were married. Hub—That's easily explained. I didn't possess them then. — Boston Transcript.

The man who thinks he knows a woman like a book usually discovers many uncut leaves.

Magic of a Siphon.

When a pipe shaped like the inverted letter U, in which the arms are of equal length, is filled with water and each end of the pipe is put into a separate vessel full of water "the downward pull" or weight of the liquid in each of the two arms will balance the other, and if the water is at the same level in the two vessels it will remain at that level in both vessels. But if the level of the water in one vessel is lower than in the other, since the two vessels are connected with a pipe full of water, the water will run down from the higher level to the lower. This constitutes what is called a siphon. A siphon itself has no magic about it, but a pencil has when it falls or than any other similar phenomenon in nature, yet some of the siphon's manifestations seem to be not only magical, but almost incredible. — St. Nicholas.

Marks of a Great Man.

A really great man is known by three signs—generosity in the design, humanity in the execution and moderation in success. — Bismark.

Greatest Inland Sea.

The greatest inland sea is the Caspian sea, which is 700 miles long and 270 miles wide.

As indolent man is an unsealed letter. Every one can read it. — Chamfort.

That in accordance with section 198 of Chapter 454 of the Laws of 1906, notice is hereby given that the last day of the redemption of the several parcels of land sold on the twenty-seventh day of December, 1915, by the Chamberlain of the city of Queens, N. Y., for unpaid taxes will expire on the twenty-seventh day of December, 1917.

The several parcels of land sold at said sale and at this time unredemmed, are described as follows:

North Sixth street. Description—Known as vacant lot No. 54 of the W. H. Case plot. Containing 8-18 acres of land more or less.

Brook street. Description—Known as vacant lot No. 64 of the frontage and containing 3-16 acres of land more or less. Bounded on the north by lands of East A. Edwards, each by Brook street and south by lands of Harley Olds, west by lands of W. L. Cobine.

East End avenue. Description—Known as vacant lot No. 65 of the frontage and containing 3-16 acres of land more or less.

Forest avenue. Description—Known as vacant lot No. 102 of the E. D. Case plot. About 30 feet frontage and containing 3-16 acres of land more or less.

Arnold street. Description—Known as vacant lot No. 12 of the McCram plot. About 33 feet frontage and containing one eighth acre of land more or less.

Ford avenue. Description—Known as vacant lot No. 13 of the Luserna Westcott plot. About 67 feet frontage and containing three sixteenths acres of land more or less.

Ford avenue. Description—Known as vacant lot No. 80 of the Luserna Westcott plot. About 50 feet frontage and containing three sixteenths acres of land more or less.

Ford avenue. Description—Known as vacant lot No. 81 of the Luserna Westcott plot. About 50 feet frontage and containing three sixteenths acres of land more or less.

CHARLES H. BOWLING, City Chamberlain.

JUDD'S STORE



You are invited today to see our display of new
Fall and Winter Millinery--Hats

For outdoor events and formal functions, expressing the latest novelties of fashion.

Gage and Waldorf Hats in this display and many from our own work room.

"Fall Opening" Shoe Sale

CONTINUES ADD THIS WEEK.

We are continuing our "Fall Opening" Shoe Sale through this week. The success of this sale was even more than we expected. This will enable everyone who has not already taken advantage of some of the big values listed below to do so this week.

Men's Shoes	.....	\$1.95, \$2.95, \$3.95 and \$4.95
Women's Shoes	.....	\$1.95, \$2.95, \$3.95 and \$4.95
Boys' Shoes	.....	\$1.49, \$1.95, \$2.45 and \$2.95
Misses' Shoes	.....	\$1.45, \$1.95, \$2.45 and \$2.95
Children's Shoes	.....	\$1.20, \$1.45, \$1.69 and \$1.95
Infants' Shoes	.....	65c, 95c, \$1.39, \$1.69

YOU MUST SEE THESE VALUES TO REALLY APPRECIATE
"SEE OUR WINDOWS"

Hurd Boot Shop
1600 MAIN STREET

KEEP LIVER AND BOWELS REGULAR WITH CASCARETS

No more Headache, Bad Colds, sour stomach and constipation.

Get a 10-cent box now. No odds how bad your liver, stomach or bowels; how much your head aches, how miserable and uncomfortable you are from constipation, indigestion, biliousness and sluggish bowels—you always get the desired results with Cascarets. Don't let your stomach, liver and bowels make you miserable. Take Cascarets to-night; put an end to the headache, biliousness, dizziness, nervousness, sick, sour, gassy stomach, backache and all other distress; cleanse your inside organs of all the bile, gases and constipated matter which is producing the misery. A 10-cent box means health, happiness and a clear head for months. No more days of gloom and distress if you will take a Cascaret now and then. All druggists sell Cascarets. Don't forget the children—their little insides need a gentle cleansing, too.

Athens the Seat of Learning. It may be said unobtrusively that the country which has produced the greatest men in literature and philosophy, art and architecture is Greece. In the little state of Attica—not much larger than Greater New York—true civilization and all that goes along with it were born. All that has been done since the "age of Pericles" has been simply the carrying out of the ideas, principles and methods laid down by the men who won Marathon and Salamis, Plataea and Mycale. Galton, a high authority, does not hesitate to say that Athens and the little state of which it was the capital produced more first class intellects than have since been produced by all the world put together.

Rue. The Talmud enumerates rue among the kitchen herbs and regards it as free of tithes as being a plant not cultivated in gardens. The name rue occurs in the Bible only in Luke xi, 42.

Foxy Customer. Milliner (coaxingly)—The white feather on the hat makes madam look about twenty-one. Customer (angrily)—Yes, yes! Why not put on two or three more?—Exchange.

How to Stop Loss of Hair and Start New Growth

Here's good news at last for men and women whose hair is falling out, who are growing bald, and whose scalps are covered with dandruff that makes them feel like they are being scratched. The hair loss is usually caused by a lack of proper nutrition. The hair is made of protein and needs a lot of it to grow. If you don't get enough protein, your hair will fall out. The good news is that there is a way to stop this. You need to eat more protein. You can get protein from meat, fish, eggs, and dairy products. You can also get it from soybeans and other plant sources. If you eat a diet rich in protein, your hair will stop falling out and start growing again. It's that simple.

OUR TWO LEADERS NOW WITH FRENCH

Intimate Sketches of Sibert and Pershing by One Who Knows Them.

THEIR RECORDS AS FIGHTERS

Both Generals Careful Planners and Each Has an Envious Record for Getting Big Results by Hard Fighting.

By EDWARD B. CLARK
Washington.—In a recent news article cabled from the field headquarters of the American expeditionary force in France, there was given a study of the temperament, characteristics, methods and personal attributes of Maj. Gen. John J. Pershing and William L. Sibert.

Here is one thing that was said of the senior major general:

"Pershing is of the quick-on-the-trigger type. He is of the dashing type, nervous, always on the go, like a surcharged battery, stirring up everybody he comes in contact with, forcing them along at top speed."

Here is what is said of the junior major general, who commands the division in the field:

"Sibert is a deliberate, methodical, tireless worker, watching every detail, insistent that reports of his young officers be accurate, comprehensive, covering every angle—of the type that is persistent and sure. He is an engineer with a training for accuracy that figures down to thousandths of an inch."

Now, in order to show that there is no thought on the part of the writer that he has appraised these men too lightly, he says this:

"There are two big jobs with two big men to fill them. The dashing Pershing and the methodical Sibert make a team that will be hard to beat when their machine once starts."

American military officers from Pershing down to the last second lieutenant realize that this is a war of method, a methodical war in other words, and that it is also largely an engineering war. The picture that one gets of Pershing from the cooled article is just such as one carries in his mind of Custer on the plains, a high ball streaming in the wind a Colt revolver in his left hand, a dazzling saber in his right hand, charging headlong, regardless of bullets, into the heart of a Sioux horde.

In a methodical war army men say that this dare-devil gallantry does not win, and nobody knows it better than Pershing. If the war department had believed that Pershing was "quick on the trigger" in the sense in which that expression usually is employed, he would not have been sent to France. The campaign which John J. Pershing led against the enemy in the Lake Lanac district in the Philippines was a methodical campaign. It was conducted on strict military lines, and there was no "forcing them along at top speed."

It was this campaign which promoted Pershing from a captaincy to a brigadier generalship. He will not sacrifice American lives in France by a recklessness which is foreign to his nature, and absolutely foreign to modern methods of fighting.

Now as for William L. Sibert, I have said what I have about Pershing from a study of his career and from a hundred or more expressions of opinion which, concerning him, have come to me from army men who know him well personally.

In the recently printed, and I think misleading, although unintentionally so, description of Sibert's characteristics as a man and a soldier, he is described as deliberate and methodical, giving close attention to the tiny things and in fact having a purely and mathematically methodical mind. Simply speaking, it makes Sibert a student rather than a soldier.

Now for the truth of this thing. When William L. Sibert was a junior officer of engineers serving in the Philippines he did both engineering and fighting work so well that it called forth the praise of the general commanding, Theodore Schwan. The record of it is in the war department today. General Schwan said that this engineer insisted on having a place on the firing line at all times.

It was William L. Sibert who stood alongside of Kelly's battery, the Kelly who afterwards was killed at Pele, at the front of a battlefield in the Philippines, and there stood like a rock amid the furious close-range fire of the enemy. It was Sibert who under fire on this same battlefield, knelt beside the great Maj. Woodbridge Geary, who fell at the first fire and died within a few moments.

The methodical Sibert is as quick on the trigger as any man ought to be. He is a fighter of the first rank. I do not think that contradiction will come from the war department if I should put into words something which I long have suspected. It is my belief that a certain military report, a fighting program report which in effect declared that there was no such thing as the impossible where a real military end is to be gained, a report which it is said was made by Sibert, caused this fine junior brigadier general to be jumped over the heads of eleven men to a major generalship and then sent to France in command of the first division.

Waste of Cash. "My wife is afflicted with a wasting disease."

"Wasting disease?" "Yes. She has a bad case of shopping habit."—Boston Transcript.

Love and a Canalboat. Why is love like a canalboat? Because it is an internal transport.—London Mail.

PRACTICAL HEALTH HINT.

Rice Diet For Skin Diseases. Eczema and psoriasis have been cured by an exclusive diet of rice, bread, butter and water three times daily and nothing else. J. Duncan Buckley in the Medical Record said that this diet should be carried out with exactness in all its details in order to obtain results. The nature and severity of the cases must be taken into consideration in determining the length of time the diet must be continued. Certain cases recover in a specified time, and others require a much longer time.

The rice must be well boiled in water, not soggy, and must be eaten hot with a fork, not a spoon, to secure the action of the saliva during thorough mastication. Water should be taken freely, but not when food is in the mouth, and a pint of hot water should be taken before the morning and evening meals. In acute eczema a marked improvement is noted within five days, while psoriasis requires long periods. Milk must not be taken with the rice, nor must the patient take coffee or chocolate.

Municipal Markets.

One thing in which Baltimore is a pioneer is its system of municipal markets. In 1751, when there were only twenty-five houses in what was then known as Baltimore Town, a public market was established, and by the time the city was incorporated in 1796 three such markets had already been established within its corporate limits. Today eleven municipal markets, all owned by the city, are within easy reach of 700,000 people of Baltimore and vicinity. "Going to market" is a localism in Baltimore, and the thrifty Baltimore housewife learned when a little girl that it pays to take a market basket to one of the public markets at least twice a week, particularly on Saturday, and get fresh country produce, without the middleman's handling and profit, at considerably less than at the corner grocery stores—Exchange.

His Suspicion.

"Well, whaddy you want?" "I am the man who was married in the cage of wildcats." "I ask ye whaddy you want?" "I thought I would like to look into the cage again. I fear I left my wife there and took one of the wildcats."—Houston Post.

TWO LONG YEARS HE SUFFERED

"Fruit-a-tives" Made Him Feel As If Walking On Air

ORILEIA, Nov. 28th, 1914.
"For over two years, I was troubled with Constipation, Drowsiness, Lack of Appetite and Headaches. One day I saw your sign which read 'Fruit-a-tives make you feel like walking on air.' This appealed to me, so I decided to try a box. In a very short time, I began to feel better, and now I feel fine. I have good appetite, relish everything I eat, and the Headaches are gone entirely. I recommend this pleasant fruit medicine to all my friends."

DAN McLEAN.
50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ogdensburg, N.Y.

Too Familiar to Him. As the burly and distinguished figure of Lord Northcliffe hurried down the hotel lounge a correspondent said: "There goes the most successful and deservedly successful journalist in the world. In this war he has done more for the allies' cause than any other man except Lloyd George."

"A hard chap to interview, though I could never land him. The last time I wrote him for an interview he wrote back:

"I am sorry, but I must ask you to excuse me from acceding to your request. I am like the little boy at the school treat who, when the squire's wife came round to him with the strawberry jam, promptly said: 'No, thank you, ma'am. I works at the place where they makes it.'"—Washington Star.

Light of the Firefly. A scientist says that a temperature approaching 2,000 degrees F. would be necessary to make a light equivalent to that emitted by an ordinary firefly. The enormous waste of energy in all industrial methods of producing light is a matter of common knowledge, and the example of the firefly remains untitled by man.

Fountain Pen Tests. Fountain pens are tested by an instrument called a micrometer. If one piece of the mechanism is out even a six-hundredth part of an inch the micrometer rejects it as faulty.

ANNOUNCING SPECIAL VALUES FALL SUITS AND OVERCOATS AT \$15, \$18 and \$20



No Clothing Is Too Good for the Young Men of America!

And right here be it said that this store is prepared as never before to satisfy every style-craving of the younger fellows. The snappiest creations in New Fall Suits and Overcoats are all shown in a beautiful variety of fabrics, patterns and shades.

Clothing, Hats and Furnishings for Men and Boys

"Club Clothes" standard make and Less Priced

"Club Clothes," fifteen the suit, supreme the price, \$15 represents an actual saving of \$3.00 to you.

Comparison is the best test, so for your own satisfaction compare "Club Clothes Fifteen" with suits selling in most places for \$18 and \$20—a wonderful exhibition of value giving at \$15.00.

Rochester Clothing Company
142 MAIN STREET ONEONTA N. Y.



Some Reasons Why You Should Use The Universal Milker

Be sure and see the latest improved and most natural milker made. The Universal Milking Machine. This machine milks the teats in pairs as you would by hand. Will milk cows daily in the tent of Arthur M. Butts at Fair Grounds during the fair.

It is the HIGHEST CLASS but not the highest priced milker made.

Vacuum sealed milking pail—impervious to stable air, odor or dust.

So well built as to make the upkeep and replacing of parts insignificant.

Alternating Pulsator with horizontal piston running in oil; WILL LAST A LIFETIME.

One size "UNIVERSAL TEAT CUP" fits any size teat; Cows take readily to the uniform soothing massage action of the rubber liners in teat cups.

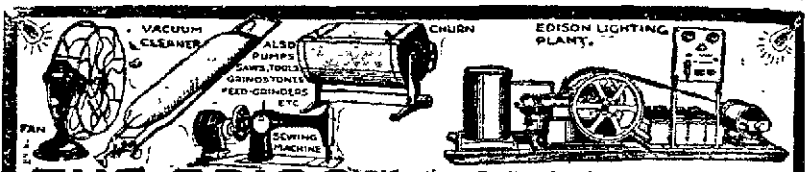
ONE MAN can do the work of Three Men, much cheaper, cleaner and better. Solves the hired help question.

So simple! Can be applied and operated by a CHILD; no strapping of teat cups being necessary. No man with ten cows or more can afford to be without A UNIVERSAL MILKER. Investigate and be convinced.

Arthur M. Butts

252-254 MAIN STREET

ONEONTA, N. Y.



THE EDISON FARM HOME

NO MATTER how far you live from the town or power lines, you can enjoy the same GENUINE EDISON ELECTRIC LIGHT, and electric power for doing much of your work, if you have the

Thomas A. Edison
ELECTRIC LIGHT PLANT

Practically eliminates fire risk. Clean, odorless, and economical. The Edison Nickel-Iron-Alkaline Storage Battery requires practically no attention and is sold with a liberal capacity Guarantee covering many years.

Albert H. Murdock

Oneonta, N. Y.